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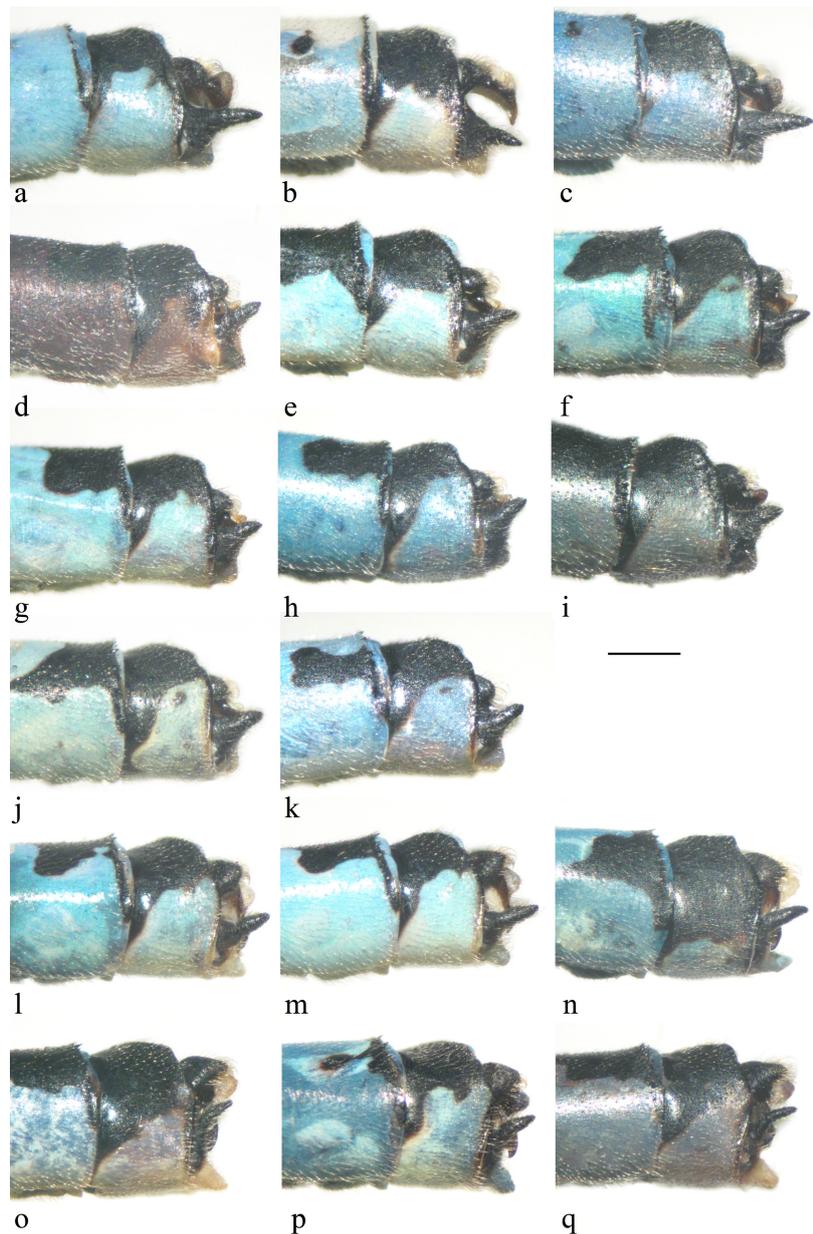
**OLEG E. KOSTERIN, VLADIMIR V. ONISHKO, ELENA V. ILYINA,  
GENNADY Y. CHEPURNOV & ALEXANDER G. BLINOV (2024) The genus  
*Coenagrion* Kirby, 1890 (Odonata: Coenagrionidae) in the Russian part of the  
Caucasus. *Zootaxa*, 5471 (2): 151–190.**

We are sorry to announce that the lettering in the legends to Figures 1 and 2, the images of Figure 3 and 12, and the lettering on the Figure 7, so important as to the paper content, were unfortunately corrupted in the published paper, which was our own fault. We provide their correct versions below. The lettering corrected in the legends is indicated with bold and underscoring.

**FIGURE 1.** Explanation of terminology (see the text) used for morphological details of male terminalia of *Coenagrion* spp. of the *puella*-group in the broad sense used in this paper, on examples of a male specimen of *C. australocaspicum* with an unusual expanded position of the cerci in lateral view (left, the same as Fig. 3**b**) and a male of *C. persicum* in dorsal view (right, the same as Fig. 2n).

**FIGURE 2.** Male appendages of *Coenagrion* spp. of the *puella*-group in the broad sense, from the Caucasus and elsewhere, in dorsal view: a–c—*C. australocaspicum* (b—with the appendages expanded); d–k—*C. puella*; l–m—*C. ponticum* (males with a more (**l**) and less (**m**) expanded black abdominal maculation); n—*C. persicum*; o–**q**—*C. pulchellum*; a–b—Russia, Dagestan, Magaramkent District, Samur Delta Forest, 2 km NW of Primorskiy village, a swampy estuary of a forest rivulet, 24.06.2021; c—Russia, Dagestan, Kumtorkala District, the Shura-Ozen' River at Kumtorkala Station, next to Sarykum Barkhan, 3.05.2021; d—Georgia, Dzau District, 4 km NNE Kvaisa, Lake Koz (Kvedi), 28–30.06.2021; e–f—Russia, Dagestan, Rutul District; the Samur River left arm between Kufa and Kala villages, 26.06.2021; g–h—Russia, Dagestan, Magaramkent District, Samur Delta Forest, Bil'-Bil' Kazmalyar village, 25.06.2021; i—Russia, Dagestan, Buynaksk District, Buynaksk S environs, Nizhnee Kazanishche village environs, a water reservoir, 2020; j—Russia, Karachay-Cherkes Republic, Zelenchuk District, 10 km WSW of Arkhyz, Lunnaya Polyana terrain, pools in the Dukka River valley left side, 2.07.2019; k—Russia, Republic of Bashkortostan, Zinachurinskiy District, a small roadside oxbow lake 0.7 km E of Verkhniy Sarabil' village, 5.07.2021; l–m—Russia, Krasnodarskiy Kray, Goryachiy Klyuch Municipality, Fanagoriyskoe village NW environs, ponds, 27.04.2019; n—Iran, Markazi Ostan, Shazand Shakhrestan, Emarat village env., a spring and swampy reservoir, 20.05.2017; o—Russia, Dagestan, Makhachkala N suburbs, pools between dunes at the Krivaya Balka River left bank in its lowermost reaches, 23.05.2023; p—Russia, N Caucasus, Karachay-Cherkes Republic, Zelenchuk District, Dausuz village W environs, S banks of a reservoir at the Bolzhoy Zelenchuk River, 1012 m a.s.l.; q—Russia, Dagestan, Makhachkala N env., Muraveynik Protected Area at the Sulak River mouth, pools among coastal dunes, 1.06.2021. Scale bar 0.5 mm.

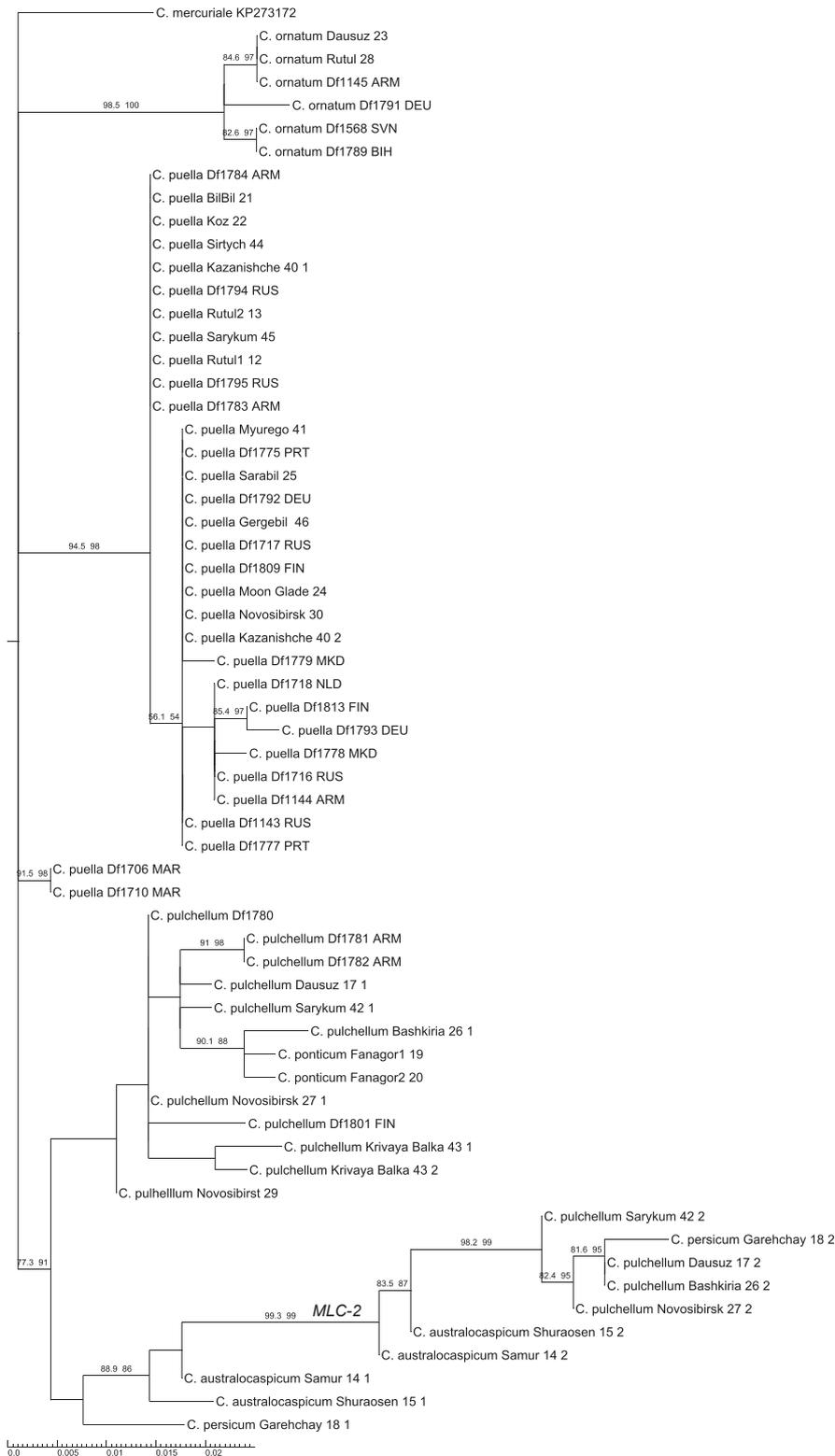
**Figure 3.** Unfortunately, the image i doubled the image h in place of the intended one. The correct figure and its corrected (in one letter) legend are reproduced on the next page:



**FIGURE 3.** Male appendages of *Coenagrion* spp. of the *puella*-group in the broad sense in lateral view: a–c—*C. australocaspicum* (b—with the appendages expanded); d–k—*C. puella*; l–m—*C. ponticum* (males with a more (c) and less (d) expanded black abdominal maculation); n—*C. persicum*; o–q—*C. pulchellum*; a–b—Russia, Dagestan, Magaramkent District, Samur Delta Forest, 2 km NW of Primorskiy village, a swampy estuary of a forest rivulet, 24.06.2021; c—Russia, Dagestan, Kumtorkala District, the Shura-Ozen' River at Kumtorkala Station, next to Sarykum Barkhan, 3.05.2021; d—Georgia, Dzau District, 4 km NNE Kvaisa, Lake Koz (Kvedi), 28–30.06.2021; e–f—Russia, Dagestan, Rutul District; the Samur River left arm between Kufa and Kala villages, 26.06.2021; g–h—Russia, Dagestan, Magaramkent District, Samur Delta Forest, Bil'-Bil' Kazmalyar village, 25.06.2021; i—Russia, Dagestan, Buynaksk District, Buynaksk S environs, Nizhnee Kazanishche village environs, a water reservoir, 2020; j—Russia, Karachay-Cherkes Republic, Zelenchuk District, 10 km WSW of Arkhyz, Lunnaya Polyana terrain, pools in the Dukka River valley left side, 2.07.2019; k—Russia, Republic of Bashkortostan, Zinachurinskiy District, a small roadside oxbow lake 0.7 km E of Verkhniy Sarabil' village, 5.07.2021; l–m—Russia, Krasnodarskiy Krai, Goryachiy Klyuch Municipality, Fanagoriyskoe village NW environs, ponds, 27.04.2019; n—Iran, Markazi Ostan, Shazand Shakhrestan, Emarat village env., a spring and swampy reservoir, 20.05.2017; o—Russia, Dagestan, Makhachkala N suburbs, pools between dunes at the Krivaya Balka River left bank in its lowermost reaches, 23.05.2023; p—Russia, N Caucasus, Karachay-Cherkes Republic, Zelenchuk District, Dausuz village W environs, S banks of a reservoir at the Bolzhoy Zelenchuk River, 1012 m a.s.l.; q—Russia, Dagestan, Makhachkala N env., Muraveynik Protected Area at the Sulak River mouth, pools among coastal dunes, 1.06.2021. Scale bar 0.5 mm.

**Figure 7.** The lettering on the figure contains the letter ‘f’ repeated twice. If the sequence “a, b, c, d, e, f, f, g, h, i, j” on the figure itself is read properly as “a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j, k”, the legend becomes correct.

**Figure 12.** The published figure missed the indication of the branch of the *MLC-2* paralog, announced in its legend. The correct version is provided below:



**FIGURE 12.** Phylogenetic tree reconstructed by the Maximum Likelihood method for the *MLC* sequences of the *Coenagrion* spp. studied. The branch of the *MLC-2* paralog is indicated. The node support values are aLRT/UF-bootstrap, not shown if less than 80%.