

New Patagonian species of *Liolaemus* (Iguania: Liolaemidae) and novelty in the lepidosis of the southernmost lizard of the world: *Liolaemus magellanicus*

CRISTIAN SIMÓN ABDALA^{1,2}, DIEGO ESTEBAN PROCOPIO³, OSCAR ANÍBAL STELLATELLI^{2,4},
ALEJANDRO TRAVAINI^{2,3}, ALEJANDRO RODRÍGUEZ⁵ & MARIO RICARDO RUIZ MONACHESI^{1,2}

¹Instituto de Herpetología, Fundación Miguel Lillo - Facultad de Ciencias Naturales e IML, UNT - Miguel Lillo 205, S. M. de Tucumán, Tucumán, Argentina. E-mail: samiryjazmin@gmail.com; kobe_mar13@hotmail.com.

²CONICET—Consejo Nacional de Investigaciones Científicas y Técnicas. Argentina

³Centro de Investigaciones Puerto Deseado, Universidad Nacional de la Patagonia Austral, Avenida Prefectura Naval s/n, 9050 Puerto Deseado, Santa Cruz, Argentina. E-mail: dproco@hotmail.com ; alejandrotravaini@speedy.com.ar

⁴Laboratorio de Vertebrados. Instituto de Investigaciones Marinas y Costeras (IIMyC) - Universidad Nacional de Mar del Plata, Dean Funes 3250, Mar del Plata, Buenos Aires, Argentina. E-mail: os2830@gmail.com.

⁵Departamento de Biología de la Conservación, Estación Biológica de Doñana, CSIC, Américo Vespucio s/n, E-41092 Sevilla, Spain. E-mail: alrodrri@ebd.csic.es.

Abstract

We describe a new species within the genus *Liolaemus* from southeast Argentine Patagonia. This new taxon, *Liolaemus yatel sp. nov.*, presents anatomical traits shared with the *Liolaemus lineomaculatus* section within the *Liolaemus lineomaculatus* group, especially the absence of precloacal pores in both sexes. However, *Liolaemus yatel sp. nov.* does not exhibit trifid dorsal scales, which is a diagnostic character of the *L. lineomaculatus* group. Moreover, this new species differs from other taxa of the *L. lineomaculatus* group in that dorsal and nuchal scales either completely lack keels or are slightly keeled. We also report, for the first time, the presence of trifid scales in *Liolaemus magellanicus*, another species included in the *L. lineomaculatus* section but constituting an independent lineage regarding the *L. lineomaculatus* group. The phenotypic traits of *L. yatel sp. nov.* and the presence of trifid scales in *L. magellanicus* provide additional information for the study of evolutionary relationships among the species of the *L. lineomaculatus* section, especially the establishment of their diagnostic character states.

Key words: *Liolaemus lineomaculatus* section, *Liolaemus lineomaculatus* group, Morphology, New taxon, Patagonia, Argentina

Resumen

Describimos una nueva especie para el género *Liolaemus* del sureste de la Patagonia, Argentina. Este nuevo taxón, *Liolaemus yatel sp. nov.*, presenta rasgos anatómicos compartidos con la sección de *Liolaemus lineomaculatus*, dentro del grupo de *Liolaemus lineomaculatus*, especialmente la ausencia de poros precloacales en ambos sexos. Sin embargo *Liolaemus yatel sp. nov.* no exhibe escamas dorsales trífidas, que es uno de los caracteres diagnósticos del grupo de *L. lineomaculatus*. Asimismo, esta nueva especie se diferencia de los demás taxones del grupo de *L. lineomaculatus* en que las escamas dorsales y nucales son lisas sin quilla o levemente quilladas. También reportamos, por primera vez, la presencia de escamas trífidas en *Liolaemus magellanicus*, otra especie incluida en la sección de *L. lineomaculatus*, pero que constituye un linaje independiente respecto al del grupo de *L. lineomaculatus*. Los rasgos fenotípicos de *L. yatel sp. nov.* y la presencia de escamas trífidas en *L. magellanicus* provee información adicional en el estudio de las relaciones evolutivas entre las especies de la sección de *L. lineomaculatus*, especialmente en el establecimiento de sus estados de caracteres diagnósticos.

Palabras clave: Sección de *Liolaemus lineomaculatus*, grupo de *Liolaemus lineomaculatus*, Morfología, Nuevo taxón, Patagonia, Argentina

The taxonomic composition of the *Liolaemus lineomaculatus* group has been modified as a result of the description of new species and the diagnostic characters of the groups which these new species were assigned to. The taxonomic and phylogenetic hypotheses about the composition of the *L. lineomaculatus* group are summarized in Table 5. Among these, however, the only formal phylogenetic hypothesis was put forward by Breitman *et al.* (2011b) on the basis of molecular characters. These authors proposed that the *L. lineomaculatus* section should include four groups of Patagonian species that are phylogenetically related as follows: ((*L. kingii-archeforus* group + *L. somuncuriae* group) + *L. magellanicus* group)) + *L. lineomaculatus* group. More recently, Breitman *et al.* (2013) did not find either morphological or genetic differences between species of the *L. kingii*, *L. kingii-archeforus* and *L. somuncuriae* groups, and consequently suggested that the two latter groups should be assimilated to the *L. kingii* group. However, in their comprehensive study, Breitman *et al.* (2013) did not mention the occurrence of trifid scales in *L. magellanicus*. The phylogenetic relationships proposed by Breitman *et al.* (2013) for the *L. lineomaculatus* section have been further supported by Olave *et al.* (2014).

We formally described a new species and found that some of the morphological characters commonly recognized as diagnostic for the *L. lineomaculatus* group must be revised for use in taxonomic classifications. After that, we believe that performing a taxonomic revision and a formal phylogenetic analysis based on morphological characters is a priority in order to assess the phylogenetic position of *Liolaemus yatel* sp. nov., the relationships between all species of the Patagonian groups of the genus *Liolaemus*, and the congruence between molecular and morphological hypotheses about the composition of the *L. lineomaculatus* section.

Acknowledgements

We thank the National Parks Administration and the Wildlife Agencies of Santa Cruz and Chubut provinces for allowing us to collect lizards. This research was funded by the projects CIUNT N° G430, PIP-CONICET N° 2422, PICT 2263 in Argentina, and by the BBVA Foundation through a Conservation Biology Research Project (2004 call) granted to A. Rodríguez in Spain. We are grateful to Viviana Juárez Heredia for invaluable help in the lab and to J. Abdala, E. Malovini, F. Lobo, S. Quinteros, G. Scrocchi, R. Semhan, F. Cruz, L. Moreno Azocar, G. Perotti, and M. Bonino for helping with field work. We thank the staff of the Monumento Nacional Bosques Petrificados National Park for support, especially M. Yaya, M. Schirpsema, D. Breccia, and F. Guerrero who also helped with animal collection. We are indebted to E. Lavilla for lending us material, and R. Semhan for her critical reading and suggestions on the paper draft.

References

- Abdala, C.S. (2007) Phylogeny of the *boulengeri* group (Iguania: Liolaemidae, *Liolaemus*) based on morphological and molecular characters. *Zootaxa*, 1538, 1–84.
- Abdala, C.S. & Lobo, F. (2006) Description of a new Patagonian lizard species of the *Liolaemus silvanae* group (Iguania: Liolaemidae). *South American Journal of Herpetology*, 1 (1), 1–8.
[http://dx.doi.org/10.2994/18089798\(2006\)1\[1:DOANPL\]2.0.CO;2](http://dx.doi.org/10.2994/18089798(2006)1[1:DOANPL]2.0.CO;2)
- Abdala, C.S., Quinteros, A.S., Scrocchi, G.J. & Stazzonelli, J.C. (2010) Three new species of the *Liolaemus petrophilus* group (Iguania: Liolaemidae) from Argentina. *Cuadernos de Herpetología*, 24 (2), 25–40.
- Abdala, C.S., Quinteros, A.S., Arias, F., Portelli, S. & Pallavechino, A. (2011) A new species of the *Liolaemus darwinii* group (Iguania: Liolaemidae) from Salta Province, Argentina. *Zootaxa*, 2968, 26–38.
- Abdala, C.S., Semhan, R.V., Moreno Azocar, D.L., Bonino, M., Paz, M.M. & Cruz, F. (2012) Taxonomy study and morphology based phylogeny of clade *Liolaemus melanops* group (Iguania: Liolaemidae), with the descriptions of three new taxa. *Zootaxa*, 3163, 1–32.
- Abdala, C.S. & Quinteros, A.S. (2014) Los últimos 30 años de estudios de la familia de lagartijas más diversa de Argentina. Actualización taxonómica y sistemática de Liolaemidae. *Cuadernos de Herpetología*, 28 (2), 55–82.
- Avila, L.J., Morando, M. & Sites, J.W. Jr. (2006) Congeneric phylogeography: hypothesizing species limits and evolutionary processes in Patagonian lizards of the *Liolaemus boulengeri* group (Squamata: Liolaemini). *Biological Journal of the Linnean Society*, 89 (2), 241–275.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1095-8312.2006.00666.x>
- Avila, L.J., Pérez, C.H.F., Morando, M. & Sites, J.W. Jr. (2010) A new species of *Liolaemus* (Reptilia: Squamata) from southwestern Río Negro Province, northern Patagonia, Argentina. *Zootaxa*, 2434, 47–59.

- Avila, L.J., Martínez, L.E. & Morando, M. (2013) Checklist of lizards and amphisbaenians of Argentina: an update. *Zootaxa*, 3616 (3), 201–238.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3616.3.1>
- Bertiller, M.B. & Bisigato, A. (1998) Vegetation dynamics under grazing disturbance. The state-and-transition model for the Patagonian steppes. *Ecología Austral*, 8 (2), 191–199.
- Boulenger, G.A. (1885) *Catalogue of the lizards in the British Museum (Natural History). Volume II*. Trustees of the British Museum, London, 497 pp.
- Breitman, M.F., Parra, M., Fulvio Pérez, C.H. & Sites, J.W. Jr. (2011a) Two new species of lizards from the *Liolaemus lineomaculatus* section (Squamata: Iguania: Liolaemidae) from southern Patagonia. *Zootaxa*, 3120, 1–28.
- Breitman, M.F., Avila, L.J., Sites, J.W. Jr. & Morando, M. (2011b) Lizards from the end of the world: Phylogenetic relationships of the *Liolaemus lineomaculatus* section (Squamata: Iguania: Liolaemini). *Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution*, 59 (2), 364–376.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ympev.2011.02.008>
- Breitman, M.F., Pérez, C.H.F., Parra, M., Morando, M., Avila, L.J. & Sites, J.W. Jr. (2011c) New species of lizard from the *magellanicus* clade of the *Liolaemus lineomaculatus* section (Squamata: Iguania: Liolaemidae) from southern Patagonia. *Zootaxa*, 3123, 32–48.
- Breitman, M.F., Morando, M. & Avila, L.J. (2013) Past and present taxonomy of the *Liolaemus lineomaculatus* section (Liolaemidae): is the morphological arrangement hypothesis valid?. *Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society*, 168 (3), 612–668.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/zoj.12037>
- Breitman, M.F., Minoli, I., Avila, L.J., Medina, C., Sites, J.W. Jr. & Morando, M. (2014) Lagartijas de la provincia de Santa Cruz, Argentina: distribución geográfica, diversidad genética y estado de conservación. *Cuadernos de Herpetología*, 28 (2), 83–110.
- Cabrera, A.L. & Willink, A. (1973) *Biogeografía de América Latina, Monografía 13, Serie de Biología. Secretaría General de la Organización de los Estados Americanos*, Washington DC., USA, 120 pp.
- Cei, J.M. (1986) *Reptiles del centro, centro-oeste y sur de la Argentina. Herpetofauna de las zonas áridas y semiáridas. Monografie IV*. Museo Regionale di Scienze Naturali, Torino, 527 pp.
- Cei, J.M. & Scolaro, J.A. (1982) A new species of the Patagonian genus *Vilcunia*, with remarks on its morphology, ecology and distribution. *Journal of Herpetology*, 16 (4), 354–363.
- Donoso-Barros, R. & Cei, J.M. (1971) New lizards from the volcanic Patagonian plateau of Argentina. *Journal of Herpetology*, 5 (3–4), 89–95.
- Etheridge, R.E. (1995) Redescription of *Ctenoblepharys adspersa* Tschudi, 1845, and the taxonomy of Liolaeminae (Reptilia:Squamata: Tropiduridae). *American Museum Novitates*, 3142, 1–34.
- Etheridge, R. (1998) Redescription and status of *Liolaemus hatcheri* Stejneger, 1909 (Reptilia, Squamata, Tropiduridae). *Cuadernos de Herpetología*, 12 (1), 33–36.
- Etheridge, R.E. (2000) A review of the *Liolaemus wiegmannii* group (Squamata, Iguania, Tropiduridae), and a history of morphological change in the sand-dwelling species. *Herpetological Monographs*, 14, 293–352.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.2307/1467049>
- Frost, D. (1992) Phylogenetic analysis and taxonomy of the *Tropidurus* group of lizards (Iguania: Tropiduridae). *American Museum Novitates*, 3033, 1–68.
- Frost, D.R. & Etheridge, R.E. (1989) A phylogenetic analysis and taxonomy of iguanian lizards (Reptilia: Squamata). *Miscellaneous Publications of the Museum of Natural History, University of Kansas*, 81, 1–65.
- Hombron, J. & Jacquinot, H. (1847) Reptiles. In: Dumont d'Urville, M.J. (Ed.), *Voyage au Pole Sud et dans l'Océanie sur les corvettes l'Astrolabe et la Zélée*. Gide, Paris, pp. 1837–1840.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.5962/bhl.title.65972>
- Laurent, R.F. (1983) Contribución al conocimiento de la estructura taxonómica del género *Liolaemus* Wiegmann (Iguanidae). *Boletín de la Asociación Herpetológica Argentina*, 1, 15–18.
- Laurent, R.F. (1984) Fenogramas de algunas especies representativas del género *Liolaemus* y géneros vecinos (Iguanidae, Reptilia). *Acta Zoologica Lilloana*, 38 (1), 5–17.
- Laurent, R.F. (1985) Segunda contribución al conocimiento de la estructura taxonómica del género *Liolaemus* Wiegmann (Iguanidae). *Cuadernos de Herpetología*, 1 (6), 1–37.
- Lobo, F. (2001) A phylogenetic analysis of lizards of the *Liolaemus chilensis* group (Iguania: Tropiduridae). *Herpetological Journal*, 11, 137–150.
- Lobo, F. (2005) Las relaciones filogenéticas en el grupo *chilensis* de *Liolaemus* (Iguania: Liolaemidae). Sumando nuevos caracteres y taxa. *Acta Zoológica Lilloana*, 49 (1–2), 67–89.
- Lobo, F. & Espinoza, R.E. (1999) Two new cryptic species of *Liolaemus* (Iguania: Tropiduridae) from northwestern Argentina: resolution of the purported reproductive bimodality of *Liolaemus alticolor*. *Copeia*, 1999 (1), 122–140.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.2307/1447393>
- Lobo, F., Espinoza, R.E. & Quinteros, S. (2010) A critical review and systematic discussion of recent classification proposals for liolaemid lizards. *Zootaxa*, 2549, 1–30.
- Lobo, F., Abdala, C.S. & Valdecantos, S. (2010) Taxonomic studies of the genus *Phymaturus* (Iguania: Liolaemidae): Description of four new species. *South American Journal of Herpetology*, 5 (2), 102–126.

<http://dx.doi.org/10.2994/057.005.0205>

- Morando, M. (2004) *Sistemática y filogenia de grupos de especies de los géneros Phymaturus y Liolaemus (Squamata: Tropiduridae: Liolaeminae)*. Tesis Doctoral, Universidad Nacional de Tucumán, 276 pp.
- Morando, M., Avila, L.J., Baker, J. & Sites, W. Jr. (2004) Phylogeny and phylogeography of the *Liolaemus darwini* complex (Squamata: Liolaemidae): Evidence for introgression and incomplete lineage sorting. *Evolution*, 58 (4), 842–861.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.0014-3820.2004.tb00416.x>
- Olave, M., Avila, L.J., Sites, J.W. & Morando, M. (2014) Multilocus phylogeny of the widely distributed South American lizard clade Eulaemus (Liolaemini, Liolaemus). *Zoologica Scripta*, 43 (4), 323–337.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/zsc.12053>
- Paz, M. (2012) *Actualización sistemática y filogenética del grupo de Liolaemus boulengeri (Iguania: Liolaemidae)*. Tesina de grado de la Universidad Nacional de Tucumán, 62 pp.
- Quinteros, A.S. (2012) Taxonomy of the *Liolaemus alticolor–bibrionii* group (Iguania: Liolaemidae), with descriptions of two new species. *Herpetologica*, 68 (1), 100–120.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1655/HERPETOLOGICA-D-10-00065.1>
- Quinteros, A.S. & Abdala, C.S. (2011) A new species of *Liolaemus* of the *Liolaemus montanus* section (Iguania: Liolaemidae) from northwestern Argentina. *Zootaxa*, 2789, 35–48.
- Schulte, J.A., Macey, J.R., Espinoza, R.E. & Larson, A. (2000) Phylogenetic relationships in the iguanid lizard genus *Liolaemus*: multiple origins of viviparous reproduction and evidence for recurring Andean vicariance and dispersal. *Biological Journal of the Linnean Society*, 69 (1), 75–102.
- Soriano, A. (1983) Deserts and semi-deserts of Patagonia. In: West, N.E. (Ed.), *Temperate deserts and semi-deserts*. Elsevier, Amsterdam, pp. 440–454.
- Stejneger, L. (1909) Batrachians and reptiles, Part II, 1905–1911: In: Scott, W.B. (Ed.), *Reports of the Princeton University expeditions to Patagonia, 1896–1899. Zoology*, Princeton University, pp. 211–224.
- Young Downey, A.R. (1998) *Phylogenetic studies on Liolaemus (Sauria: Tropiduridae): an interpretation based on molecular data and a biochemical test of biogeographic hypothesis*. Ph.D. Dissertation, University of Miami, 84 pp.
- Zar, J.H. (1984) *Biostatistical Analysis*. Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 718 pp.

APPENDIX 1.

List of species, number of specimens, localities and acronyms of the Argentine museums where the material used in this paper is deposited. Acronyms are as follows: Colección Herpetológica de la Fundación Miguel Lillo (FML), Tucumán; Colección Herpetológica del Museo de Ciencias Naturales de Salta (MCN); Instituto de Biología Animal de Mendoza (IBA); Colección Herpetológica del Museo de La Plata (MLP.R), y Centro de Investigaciones de Puerto Deseado (CIPD).

***Liolaemus avilae* (2): Santa Cruz.** Departamento Lago Buenos Aires. FML 20404, road from Estancia La Vizcaína to Laguna del Sello, Meseta del Lago Buenos Aires (46°57'11"S; 71°06'44"W; 1340 m). Departamento Lago Buenos Aires. FML 20384, 5,5 km from Laguna Honda to Laguna del Sello (road to Estancia La Vizcaína), Meseta del Lago Buenos Aires (47°01'13"S; 71°05'46"W; 1274 m).

***Liolaemus hatcheri* (27): Santa Cruz.** Departamento Río Chico. FML 19257-70, road to Estancia Laguna Verde, detour from 30 km to Lake Cardiel from route 40, meseta of the Lake Strobel (48°39'51"S; 71°07'24"W; 858 m). Departamento Río Chico. MCN 837-42, Cerro Beltza (47°59'37.0'' S; 71°41'11.2' W). Departamento Río Chico. MCN 843; 848-51, 6 km S of Estancia Belgrano. Departamento Río Chico. MCN 844, Meseta de La Siberia (49°09'8.63'' S; 71°47'6.98'' W; 1062 m). Departamento Río Chico. MCN 845-846, 13 km E of Estancia Belgrano (47°54'46.9' S; 71°57'47.2' W).

***Liolaemus kolengh* (17): Santa Cruz.** Departamento Lago Buenos Aires. FML 10870-79: Monte Ceballos, next to río Ceballos (S 47°10.02.0'; W 71°55'55.0', 1485 m). Departamento Lago Buenos Aires. MCN 811-13; 817; 827-28; 833: Monte Ceballos next to río Ceballos (S 47°10.02.0'; W 71°55'55.0', 1485 m).

***Liolaemus lineomaculatus* (18): Santa Cruz.** Departamento Lago Argentino. MCN 883, on the National Road 40, 50 km S of El Calafate, road to Esperanza. Departamento Lago Argentino. MCN 1553-556, 40 km S of lago Cardiel (49°11'05.8'' S; 71°20'44.8'' W). Departamento Lago Argentino. FML 20394-98, Between El Calafate and Glaciar Perito Moreno, on the Provincial Road 11, 42 km from El Calafate (50°22'45" S; 72°44'38" W; 201 m). Departamento Lago Argentino. FML 2118, approximately 70 km E of El Calafate. FML 1797-99, Estancia Tapi-Aike. Departamento Deseado. FML 21291-3, Punta Maqueda, 35 Km S of Comodoro Rivadavia. Departamento Deseado. FML 23299, on the National Road 3, 3 km N of Tres Cerros.

***Liolaemus magellanicus* (46): Santa Cruz.** Departamento Lago Argentino. MCN 581-586; 852-878; 888-894, Cordón de Los Escarchados, road to La Martina (50°22'42.1'' S; 71°36'52.1'' W; 960 m). FML 17981-3, estancia Tapi-Aike. **Tierra del Fuego.** Departamento Río Grande. FML 24161-3, Bahía de San Sebastián.