

<http://dx.doi.org/10.111646/zootaxa.3731.4.5>
<http://zoobank.org/urn:lsid:zoobank.org:pub:49B64CDA-07E8-473C-AD85-83C0F7ADEC63>

Revision of *Taxigramma pseudaperta* Séguy, 1941 and comparisons with sympatric *T. multipunctata* (Rondani, 1859) (Diptera: Sarcophagidae)

RENÉ RICHET¹, YURY G. VERVES², DANIEL WHITMORE³ & THOMAS PAPE⁴

¹16 Grande Rue 03220 Jaligny-sur-Besbre, France. E-mail: richet.rene@orange.fr

²Institute of evolutionary ecology, NAS of Ukraine, Lebedev St., 37, Kyiv 03143, Ukraine. E-mail: fly_@voliacable.com

³Natural History Museum, Cromwell Road, London SW7 5BD, United Kingdom. E-mail: D.Whitmore@nhm.ac.uk

⁴Natural History Museum of Denmark, Universitetsparken 15, 2100 Copenhagen, Denmark. E-mail: tpape@snm.ku.dk

Abstract

The identity of the nominal taxon *Taxigramma pseudaperta* Séguy, 1941 [type locality: France, Corse] is revised and an improved circumscription based partly on reared material of both sexes is presented through comparison with the very similar and sympatric species *T. multipunctata* (Rondani, 1859). A table is provided to separate first instars, puparia, males and females of these two taxa.

Key words: Diptera, Sarcophagidae, *Taxigramma*, morphology, taxonomy, nomenclature

Introduction

Taxigramma Perris, 1852 in the broader circumscription of Pape (1996), which equals the subtribes Taxigrammina [as Taxigrammatina] and Hilarella *sensu* Rohdendorf (1967, 1970) and Taxigrammina *sensu* Verves (1989, 2006) with its three closely related genera *Hilarella* Rondani, 1856, *Paragusia* Schiner, 1861, and *Taxigramma*, is a taxon including some 19 species of flesh flies in the subfamily Miltogramminae. The centre of diversity for *Taxigramma* (*sensu lato*) [or subtribe Taxigrammina] is the warm, dry parts of the Palaearctic and Afrotropical regions, with a few of the more widespread species reaching into the Nearctic and Oriental regions. Revisionary taxonomic work is much needed but is impeded by a low number of specimens of several species in the major museums and what appear to be complexes of very similar species. Several biological observations can be found in the literature (Table 3), and it seems reasonable to suppose that all *Taxigramma* spp. are kleptoparasites in the nests of solitary aculeate wasps, and of digger wasps (Sphecidae) in particular. The record in Arnaud (1954) of several specimens of *T. hilarella* bred from a living raphidophorid orthopteran is noteworthy but would seem to be an exception. Spofford & Kurczewski (1990) included the two Nearctic species of *Taxigramma* in their guild of ‘stalkers and lurkers’, the members of which are characterised by trailing wasps that are constructing/provisioning nests and perching near the nest at a discrete distance, with larviposition behaviour triggered only when the wasp is active in or around the provisioned nest. Larvae are deposited either on the sand or debris closing the nest, in the open nest entrance, or within the nest itself. Observations of European species document that the fly larva is sometimes deposited near the wasp egg, and that it devours this before continuing with the paralysed prey (e.g., Maneval 1929).

A gravid female of *Taxigramma* was captured in France, Vallée de Fressinières, in 2009 by the first author, and larvae were bred on freshly collected, chopped flies (Asilidae, Syrphidae) resulting in a series of adults of both sexes plus associated puparia. This single-female rearing has allowed an unambiguous definition and circumscription of the nominal taxon *Taxigramma pseudaperta* Séguy, 1941, a species which has previously been largely overlooked or misidentified in the European fauna. The identity of this species is herewith revised through re-examination of the holotype, and diagnostic features are given in a succinct form as a table to separate *T. pseudaperta* from its most similar and sympatric congener *T. multipunctata* (Rondani, 1859) in most life stages (Table 1). A complete redescription of the adult is considered not essential as this would overlap broadly with the

Acknowledgements

Dr C. Daugeron, MNHN, kindly facilitated access to the type series of *Taxigramma pseudaperta* for RR. Our thanks to Prof. A. Freidberg, TAU, for a loan of Israeli specimens, and to Mr A. Raspi and Mr R. Giannotti, Pisa, for photographs allowing us to identify the female of *T. multipunctata* from the Venturi collection.

References

- Allen, H.W. (1926) North American species of two-winged flies belonging to the tribe Miltogrammini. *Proceedings of the United States National Museum*, 68 (9), 1–106, pls 1–5.
- Arnaud, P. (1954) *Hilarella hilarella* (Zetterstedt) (Diptera: Sarcophagidae) parasitic upon a rhaphidophorid (Orthoptera: Gryllacrididae). *The Canadian Entomologist*, 86, 135–136.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.4039/Ent86137-3>
- Baer, W. (1922) Die Tachinen als Schmarotzer der schädlichen Insekten. Ihre Lebensweise, wirtschaftliche Bedeutung und systematische Kennzeichnung. *Zeitschrift für angewandte Entomologie*, 7, 97–163.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1439-0418.1921.tb01626.x>
- Bezzi, M. & Stein, P. (1907) *Cyclorrhapha Aschiza. Cyclorrhapha Schizophora Schizometopa*. In: Becker, T., Bezzi, M., Kertesz, K. & Stein, P. (Eds.), Katalog der paläarktischen Dipteren. Bd. 3. *Cyclorrhapha Aschiza. Cyclorrhapha Schizophora: Schizometopa*. Budapest, pp. 1–747.
- Bonelli, P.B. (1969) Osservazioni biologiche sugli imenotteri melliferi e predatori della val di Fiemme. XXIX. *Bollettino della Istituto di Entomologia "G. Grandi" Università di Bologna*, 29, 149–154.
- Bougy, E. (1935) Observations sur l'*Ammophila hirsuta* Scop. et sur *Hilarella stictica* Meig., son parasite. *Revue Française d'Entomologie*, 2, 19–27.
- Cazier, M.A. & Mortenson, M.A. (1965) Studies on the bionomics of sphecoid wasps. II. *Philanthus gibbosus* (Fabricius) and *Philanthus anna* Dunning (Hymenoptera: Sphecidae). *Bulletin of Southern California Academy of Sciences*, 64, 171–206.
- Charykuliev, D.M. & Myartzeva, S.N. (1964) On the biology of flies of the subfamily Miltogrammatinae (Diptera, Sarcophagidae). *Izvestiya Akademii Nauk Turkmenskoy SSR. Seriya biologicheskikh nauk*, 2, 84–88. [In Russian.]
- Coe, R.L. (1960) A further collection of Diptera from Jugoslavia, with localities and notes. *Bulletin du Museum d'Histoire Naturelle de Belgrade*, Série B, 16, 43–67.
- Dupuis, C. & Matile, L. (1985) La vie et l'œuvre du diptériste Eugène Séguy (1890–1985). *Annales de la Société entomologique de France*, 26, 269–300.
- Evans, H.E. (1966) *The comparative ethology and evolution of the sand wasps*. Harvard University Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts, 526 pp.
- Evans, H.E. (1970) Ecological-behavioral studies of the wasps of Jackson Hole, Wyoming. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology*, 140, 451–511.
- Evans, H.E. (1987) Observations on the prey and nests of *Podalonia occidentalis* Murray (Hymenoptera: Sphecidae). *Pan-Pacific Entomologist*, 63, 130–134.
- Evans, H.E. & Gillaspie, J.E. (1964) Observations on the ethology of digger wasps of the genus *Steniolia* (Hymenoptera: Sphecidae; Bembicini). *American Midland Naturalist*, 72, 257–280.
- Ferton, C. (1901) Notes détachées sur l'instinct des hyménoptères mellifères et ravisseurs avec la description de quelques espèces. *Annales de la Société entomologique de France*, 70, 83–148.
- Ferton, C. (1902) Notes détachées sur l'instinct des hyménoptères mellifères et ravisseurs avec la description d'une nouvelle espèce. *Annales de la Société entomologique de France*, 71, 499–531.
- Gorobchishin, V.A. (2005) Digger wasps (Hymenoptera: Sphecidae: Sphecinae, Astatinae, Pemphredoninae) of forest-steppes of Ukraine (fauna and ecology information). *Proceedings of Zoological Muséum of Kyiv Taras Shevchenko National University*, 3, 46–63. [In Ukrainian with English subtitle.]
- Grandi, G. (1955) Contributi alla conoscenza degli imenotteri aculeati. XXVI. *Bollettino del Laboratorio di Entomologia della Università degli studi di Bologna*, 20, 81–255.
- Grandi, G. (1961) Studi di un entomologo sugli imenotteri aculeati. XXXI. *Bollettino del Laboratorio di Entomologia della Università degli studi di Bologna*, 25, i–xvi, 1–659.
- Hicks, C.H. (1932a) Notes on *Sphex aberti* (Hald.). *The Canadian Entomologist*, 64, 145–151.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.4039/ent64145-7>
- Hicks, C.H. (1932b) Notes on the prey and inquilines of *Podalonia violaceipennis* form *luctuosa* (F. Smith). *Psyche*, 39, 150–154.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1155/1932/83125>
- International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature (1999) *International Code of Zoological Nomenclature*. Fourth Edition. International Trust for Zoological Nomenclature, London. xxix + 306 pp.
- Jiménez-Jiménez, M.L. & Palacios-Cardiell, C. (2008) Historia natural de la anidación de *Ammophila aberti* Haldeman (Hymenoptera: Sphecidae) en Baja California Sur, México. *Acta Zoológica Mexicana (n. s.)*, 24, 227–230.

- Kramer, H. (1917) Die Musciden der Oberlausitz. *Abhandlungen der naturforschenden Gesellschaft zu Görlitz*, 28, 257–352.
- Kurczewski, F.E. (1964) A comparative ethological study of some Nearctic digger wasps of the genus *Tachysphex* Kohl (Hymenoptera, Sphecidae, Larrinae). Ph.D. Dissertation, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, 430 pp.
- Kurczewski, F.E. (1989) Nesting behavior of *Tachysphex acutus*, with a discussion of multicellular nest excavation in the genus (Hymenoptera: Sphecidae). *Journal of the Kansas Entomological Society*, 62, 44–58.
- Kurczewski, F.E. (1991) Nesting behavior of *Tachysphex tarsatus* (Hymenoptera: Sphecidae). *Journal of Kansas Entomological Society*, 64, 300–323.
- Kurczewski, F.E., Kurczewski, E.J. & Spofford, M.G. (1988) Nesting behavior of *Aporinellus wheeleri* Bequaert and *A. taeniolatus* (Dalla Torre) (Hymenoptera: Sphecidae). *Proceedings of the Entomological Society of Washington*, 90, 294–306.
- Loi, G. & Raspi, A. (1983) Catalogue of the species belonging to the Diptera collection of prof. Filippo Venturi. *Frustula Entomologica*, 19, 171–238.
- Maneval, H. (1929) Observations sur *Hilarella stictica* Meig. (Dipt. Tachinidae) spoliatrice d'*Ammophila sabulosa* L. *Bulletin de la Société entomologique de France*, [1929], 26–28.
- Meyer-Holzapfel, M. (1986) Vergleichende Betrachtung des Verhaltens brutparasitischer Fliegen aus zwei Familien bei solitären aculeaten Hymenopteren (metodische Kritik). *Mitteilungen der Schweizerischen entomologischen Gesellschaft*, 59, 95–110.
- Mihályi, F. (1979) Féméslegyek – Húslegyek, Calliphoridae – Sarcophagidae. *Fauna hungarica*, 135, 15 (16), 1–152.
- Mihályi, F. (1980) Ergebnisse der Albanien-Expedition 1961 des Deutschen Entomologischen Institutes. 93. Beitrag. Diptera: Calliphoridae, Sarcophagidae, Rhinophoridae. *Beiträge zur Entomologie*, 30, 333–341.
- Murray, W.D. (1940) *Podalonia* of North and Central Americas. *Entomologica Americana*, 20, 1–82.
- Myarzeva, S.N. (1972) The parasites and predators of the sphecid wasps of Turkmenia. In: Tokgaev, T. & Myartzeva, S.N. (eds), *Insects of southern Turkmenia*, Ashkhabad, Izdatel'stvo "Ylym", 101–115. [in Russian with English subtitle]
- Newcomer, E.J. (1930) Notes on the habits of a digger wasp and its inquiline flies. *Annals of the Entomological Society of America*, 23, 552–563.
- Newton, R.C. (1956) Digger wasps, *Tachysphex* spp., as predators of a range grasshopper in Idaho. *Journal of Economical Entomology*, 49, 615–619.
- O'Brien, M.F. (1983) Observations on the nesting behavior of *Podalonia argentifrons*. *Southwestern Entomologist*, 8, 194–197.
- O'Brien, M.F. & Kurczewski, F.E. (1982) Ethology and overwintering of *Podalonia luctuosa* (Hymenoptera: Sphecidae). *Great Lakes Entomologist*, 15, 261–275.
- Oehlke, J. (1970) Beiträge zur Insectenfauna der DDR. Hymenoptera – Sphecidae. *Beiträge zur Entomologie*, 20, 615–812.
- Pape, T. (1987) The Sarcophagidae (Diptera) of Fennoscandia and Denmark. *Fauna entomologica scandinavica*, 19, 1–203 + 2 pl.
- Pape, T. (1996) Catalogue of the Sarcophagidae of the world (Insecta: Diptera). *Memoirs on Entomology, International*, 8, 1–558.
- Pape, T. (2004) The Sarcophagidae (Insecta: Diptera) described by Louis Pandellé. *Zootaxa*, 722, 1–64.
- Pape, T. (2006) *Fauna Europaea: Sarcophagidae*. In: Pape, T. & Beuk, P. (Eds.), Diptera: Brachycera. *Fauna Europaea* version 2.5 [online database: <http://www.faunaeur.org>].
- Parker, J.B. (1915) Notes on nesting habits of some solitary wasps. *Proceedings of the Entomological Society of Washington*, 17, 70–77.
- Povolný, D. & Verves, Yu.G. (1997) The flesh-flies of Central Europe (Insecta, Diptera, Sarcophagidae). *Spixiana Supplement*, 24, 1–260.
- Rau, P. & Rau, N. (1918) *Wasp studies afield*. Princeton University Press, Princeton, New Jersey, i–xv + 372 pp.
- Rees, N.E. (1973) Arthropod and nematode parasites, parasitoids and predators of Acrididae in America north of Mexico. *Technical Bulletin of the United State Department of Agriculture*, 1460, 1–288.
- Reinhard, E.G. (1924) The life history and habits of the solitary wasp, *Philanthus gibbosus*. *Annual Reports of the Smithsonian Institution*, [1922], 363–376.
- Reinhard, E.G. (1929) *Pemphredon* and her enemies. *Nature Magazine*, 13, 154–157.
- Rognes, K. (2012) Revision of the Afrotropical species of the *Bengalia peuhii* species-group, including a species reassigned to the *B. spinifemorata* species-group (Diptera, Calliphoridae), with notes on the identity of *Ochromyia petersiana* Loew, 1852 (Diptera, Rhiniidae). *Zootaxa*, 3553, 1–79.
- Rohdendorf, B.B. (1935) 64h. Sarcophaginae. In: Lindner, E. (Ed.), *Die Fliegen der palaearktischen Region*, 11 [Lieferung 88]. E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung, Stuttgart, pp. 49–128.
- Rohdendorf, B.B. (1967) The directions of historical development of sarcophagids (Diptera, Sarcophagidae). *Trudy Paleontologicheskogo instituta AN SSSR*, 116, 1–91. [in Russian]
- Rohdendorf, B.B. (1970) Sem. Sarcophagidae – sarcofagidy. In: Bey-Byenko, G.Ya. (Ed.), *Opredelitel' nasekomykh Evropeyskoy chasti SSSR* [Keys to the insects of the European USSR], Vol. 5. 2, Diptera. Nauka, Leningrad, St Petersburg, 624–670. [in Russian]
- Rosenheim, J.A. (1987) Nesting behavior and bionomics of a solitary ground-nesting wasp, *Ammophila dysmica* (Hymenoptera: Sphecidae): influence of parasite pressure. *Annals of the Entomological Society of America*, 80, 739–749.

- Séguy, E. (1936) *L'Acemyia calloti* insecte diptère à larves endoparasites des sauterelles. *Annales de Parasitologie Humaine et Comparée*, 14, 321–326.
- Séguy, E. (1941) Études sur les mouches parasites. 2. Calliphorides, calliphorines (suite), sarcophagini et rhinophorines de l'Europe occidentale et méridionale. *Encyclopédie entomologique* (Série A), 21, 1–436.
- Séguy, E. (1953) Diptères calliphorides inféodés au *Noditermes curvatus* en Côte d'Ivoire. *Bulletin Intérieur Section Française de l'Union Internationale pour l'Étude des Insectes Sociaux*, 1, 21–28.
- Séguy, E. (1963) Un nouveau *Setulia* de Madagascar (Ins. Dipt. Calliphoridae). *Bulletin du Muséum National d'Histoire Naturelle*, 34, 343–346.
- Spasskij, S. (1916) Zur Biologie von *Hilarella dira* Rob.-Desv. *Izvestiya Novocherkasskogo Politehnicheskogo Instituta. Nauchnaya Sektsiya*, [1915] 4, 193–196, 198. [in Russian with German summary]
- Spofford, M.G. & Kurczewski, F.E. (1990) Comparative larvipositional behaviours and cleptoparasitic frequencies of Nearctic species of Miltogrammini (Diptera: Sarcophagidae). *Journal of Natural History*, 24, 731–755.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/00222939000770511>
- Spofford, M.G. & Kurczewski, F.E. (1992) Counter-cleptoparasitic behaviours of species of Sphecidae (Hymenoptera) in response to Miltogrammini larviposition (Diptera: Sarcophagidae). *Journal of Natural History*, 26, 993–1012.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/00222939200770591>
- Spofford, M.G., Kurczewski, F.E. & Downes, W.L. Jr. (1989) Nearctic species of Miltogrammini (Diptera: Sarcophagidae) associated with species of Aculeata (Hymenoptera: Vespoidea, Pompiloidea, Apoidea, Apoidea). *Journal of Kansas Entomological Society*, 62, 254–267.
- Strandtmann, R.W. (1945) Observations of the nesting habits of some digger wasps (Sphecidae: Hymenoptera). *Annals of the Entomological Society of America*, 38, 305–308.
- Szpila, K. (2010) *The first instar of European Miltogramminae* (Diptera: Sarcophagidae). Nicolaus Copernicus University Press, Toruń, 272 pp.
- Teschner, W. (1959) Starrheit und Variabilität im Verhalten von Sandwespen. *Zoologischer Beiträge* (N. S.), 4, 411–472.
- Tiensuu, L. (1939) Die Sarcophagiden (Dipt.) Finlands. *Annales entomologica Fennica*, 5, 255–266.
- Venturi, F. (1960) Sistematica e geonemia dei Sarcofagidi (escl. *Sarcophaga* s.l.) italiani (Diptera). *Frustula Entomologica*, 2, 7, 1–124.
- Verves, Yu.G. (1986) Family Sarcophagidae. In: Soós, Á. & Papp, L. (Eds.), *Catalogue of Palaearctic Diptera. Vol. 12. Calliphoridae—Sarcophagidae*. Akadémiai Kiadó, Budapest, 58–193.
- Verves, Yu.G. (1989) The phylogenetic systematics of the miltogrammatine flies (Diptera, Sarcophagidae) of the world. *Japanese Journal of Medical Sciences and Biology*, 42, 111–126.
- Verves, Yu.G. (1998) A checklist of Ukrainian Sarcophagidae (Diptera), with a description of a new species. *Journal of the Ukrainian Entomological Society*, 4, 49–57.
- Verves, Yu.G. (2006) 5.2.3. Dipterous insects – inquilines (cleptoparasites). In: Zerova, M.D., Romasenko, L.P., Seryogina, L.Ya. & Verves, Yu.G. (Eds.), *Natural insect enemies of solitary bees of the fauna of Ukraine*. Veles, Kyiv, pp. 74–110. [in Ukrainian with English subtitle]
- Verves, Yu.G. & Khrokalo, L.A. (2006) 123. Fam. Sarcophagidae – sarcophagids. *Key to the insects of Russian Far East*, 6, 4, 64–178. [In Russian.]
- Villeneuve, J. (1922) Descriptions de six tachinides nouveaux d'Afrique. *Transactions of the Royal Entomological Society of London*, [1921], 518–523.
- Zolda, P. (2001) The behavior and ecology of *Bembecinus hungaricus* Frivaldszky, 1876 (Hymenoptera: Apoidea: Sphecidae) in Austria. *Beiträge zur Entomofaunistik*, 2, 3–14.