

Article



Portelmis guianensis sp. nov. from French Guiana (Coleoptera: Elmidae)

MAREK PRZEWOŹNY^{1,4} & ANDRÉ S. FERNANDES^{2,3}

¹Department of Systematic Zoology, Faculty of Biology, Adam Mickiewicz University, Umultowska 89, PL-61-614 Poznań, Poland. E-mail: hygrotus@amu.edu.pl

Abstract

Portelmis guianensis sp. nov. is a new member of the Portelmis gurneyi—group. It was collected in Sinnamary, northern French Guiana. The species is externally similar to the other members of the genus, but males deviate considerably by the shape of the aedeagus. A detailed description and figures are given to facilitate easy identification of the new species. In addition, we have modified the key to species for males of the P. gurneyi—group given in Fernandes et al. (2010) by including the new species. The genus Portelmis Sanderson, 1935 now contains 5 members.

Key words: Coleoptera, Elmidae, Portelmis, new species, French Guiana

Introduction

The genus *Portelmis* comprises four species now known from three Central and South American countries: Costa Rica, Ecuador and Brazil. Two of them were recorded and described quite recently from Brasil by Fernandes *et al.* 2010.

In this paper, we report the genus *Portelmis* for the first time in French Guiana. We also describe and illustrate a new species in this genus whose locality is quite distance from other congeners (Fig. 1). This represents a considerable increase in the known geographic range of this genus. A modified taxonomic key to identify males of *P. gurneyi*—group is presented.

Material and methods

The following abbreviations are used for collections mentioned in the text:

CMP coll. M. Przewoźny, Poznań, Poland

EMEC The Essig Museum of Entomology, University of California, Berkeley, USA

INPA Coleção de Invertebrados, Instituto Nacional de Pesquisas da Amazônia, Amazonas, Brazil

Specimens were dried and glued onto a card and then pinned. Male genitalia and female ovipositor were extracted by a pin, then placed onto a piece of paper tissue and studied in wet condition with an Olympus SZX16 stereomicroscope. Afterwards the genitalia were mounted with wallpaper glue onto the same card as the beetle. The photos of habitus were taken using an Olympus SZ61 stereomicroscope with the Olympus Digital Colour Camera UC 30 and afterwards touched up by application of Helicon Focus and Helicon Filter. The morphological terminology follows Brown (1972) and Kodada & Jäch (2005).

²Institute of Evolutionary Biology (CSIC-UPF), 37-49, CP-08003, Barcelona, Spain. E-mail: andrelmis@gmail.com

³Capes Foundation, Ministry of Education of Brazil, CEP: 70040-020, Brasília-DF, Brazil

⁴Corresponding author