

Article



New species and new records of millipedes of the genus *Rhinocricus* Karsch, 1881 (Spirobolida: Rhinocricidae) from southern Brazil

PATRÍCIA E. S. RODRIGUES1*, RICARDO OTT1 & EVERTON N. L. RODRIGUES2

¹Museu de Ciências Naturais, Fundação Zoobotânica do Rio Grande do Sul. Rua Dr. Salvador França, 1427, 90690-000, Porto Alegre, RS, Brazil

²Laboratório de Artrópodes, Instituto Butantan. Av. Vital Brazil, 1500, 05503-900, São Paulo, SP, Brazil

Abstract

Until now no species of *Rhinocricus* have been described or registered for the state of Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil. In this work we describe and illustrate five new species of *Rhinocricus* from Rio Grande do Sul: *R. itauba* sp. nov., *R. gauchus* sp. nov., *R. guaritas* sp. nov., and *R. serranus* sp. nov., described from specimens of both sexes, and *R. vacariensis* sp. nov. based on a single male. The species *R. divaricatus*, *R. padbergi* and *R. serratus* are registered for the first time for this state. A key to Rio Grande do Sul species is presented.

Key words: Diplopoda, Neotropical, new species, Rio Grande do Sul, taxonomy

Introduction

The family Rhinocricidae Brölemann, 1913 have a Neotropical, North American and Southern Pacific distribution (Marek et al. 2003). Most of species of Rhinocricidae described from Brazil belong to the genus *Rhinocricus* Karsch, 1881. From the 57 species known from Brazil, 38 were described by Otto Schubart. Of the described species of *Rhinocricus*, only two have been registered for the south of Brazil, *R. striatellus* Silvestri, 1897, and *R. pugio suspensus* Brölemann, 1929, both from the state of Santa Catarina. In this work we describe and illustrate five new species of *Rhinocricus* from the state of Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil and three known species are registered for the first time for this state.

Material and Methods

The examined material belongs to the Myriapoda collections of the Museu de Ciências Naturais da Fundação Zoobotânica do Rio Grande do Sul (MCN, curator: R. Ott) and Museu de Ciência e Tecnologia da Pontifícia Universidade Católica do Rio Grande do Sul (MCTP, curator: A. A. Lise), both in Porto Alegre, Brazil; Instituto Butantan, São Paulo (IBSP, curator: I. Knysak) and Museu de Zoologia da Universidade de São Paulo (MZUSP, curator: R. Pinto-da-Rocha), both in São Paulo, Brazil. The specimens are preserved in 80% ethanol. For the examination of somatic characters, measurments and illustrations of the gonopods we used a stereomicroscope with a measuring eyepiece and a coupled drawing attachment; for measures of corporal size millimetric paper was used. Descriptions follow Schubart (1944, 1951), Bond & Marek (2003) and González-Sponga (2005). The photographs were made with a SONY W5 camera coupled to the stereomicroscope. All measurements are in millimeters. Coloration refers to preserved material, unless noted.

^{*}Corresponding author. E-mail: patiesilva@yahoo.com.br