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Manipontonia gen. nov., a new pontoniine shrimp genus for *Periclimenes psamathe* (De Man) (Crustacea: Decapoda: Palaemonidae)

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Abstract

A new genus, *Manipontonia*, is designated to include *Periclimenes psamathe* (De Man, 1902), on account of its peculiar morphology, with the combination of a long and slender rostrum with ventral margin unarmed, the proximal rostral dorsal teeth and epigastric tooth having fine ventral denticulations and endopod of male first pleopod with the appendix interna terminally with few terminal cincinnuli, which distinguishes this genus from all other species of *Periclimenes*, and the other genera of the Pontoniinae. The report includes some new host records: *Acabaria robusta* (Shann) [Gorgonacea]; *Dendronephthya* cf. *decussata* Utinomi [Alcyonacea].

Key words. *Manipontonia* gen. nov., *Manipontonia psamathe* comb. nov., Crustacea, Decapoda, Pontoniinae, Indo-West Pacific

Introduction

When Urocaris psamathe De Man, 1902, was described De Man included the genus Urocaris Stimpson, 1860, together with the genera Palaemon, Leander, Palaemonella, and Hymenocera, in the Palaemonidae, while Periclimenes, Harpilius, Coralliocaris, were put in a separate family, the Pontoniidae. Sollaud (1910) definitively included Urocaris in the subfamily Pontoniinae. Borradaile (1917) confirmed the placement of the Pontoniinae as a subfamily of the Palaemonidae. Borradaile (1917) included in the genus Urocaris six species that have recently been considered members of the genus Periclimenes, i.e., U. psamathe De Man, 1902, U. infraspinis Rathbun, 1902, U. longicaudata Stimpson, 1860, U. aesopius (Bate, 1864), U. longipes Stimpson, 1860 and U. korni (Lo Bianco, 1903). He