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A new species of the Genus *Delphinium* (Ranunculaceae) from Lahul Valley of Himachal Pradesh, India

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Abstract

A new species of *Delphinium* (Ranunculaceace) is described and illustrated from Lahul valley of Himachal Pradesh, India. Its affinities with the allied species *D. viscosum* and *D. cashmerianum* are discussed. It differs from closely allied species in having bracteoles with hooked apex, shape of spur that resembles parrot's beak, staminode with dense hoard of hairs at ventral apex, hairs in single line on the inner surface of ovary and cleft stigma.

Key words: Lahul Valley, Himachal Pradesh, Delphinium lahulensis, sp. nov.

Introduction

While examining the herbarium sheets procured on loan from The Natural History Museum, London (BM), we came across an unidentified sheet of *Delphinium* species collected by *J. D. A. Stainton* (Coll. No. 8840) from, Miyar Nullah, Lahul (H.P.) at an altitude of 2743 m. Apparently, this plant looks like *D. cashmerianum*, therefore, Stainton was confused and commented on sheet "seems to match Drummond 1194 in the D. cashmerianum collection but I doubt that plant is correctly matched". On critical examination, it was found that the characters of this plant from Lahul valley fall within Group V of Munz (1967) and is closely allied with *D. viscosum* Hook f. & Thoms. (1885) and *D. cashmerianum* Royle (1839) but has very distinguishing characters from the allied species which are given below, therefore, the species is named after the type locality Lahul and is described as new species from Miyar Nullah, Lahul (H. P.), India.

Delphinium lahulensis Agnihotri, Husain & Husain, sp. nov. (Figs. 1 & 2)

D. lahulensis sp. nov. is closely related with *D. viscosum* Hook. f. & Thoms. and *D. cashmerianum* Royle, but differs in having bracteoles with hooked apex, shape of spur that resembles parrot's beak, staminode with dense hoard of hairs at ventral apex, hairs in single line on the inner surface of ovary and cleft stigma.

Type:—Himachal Pradesh, Lahul valley, Miyar Nullah, 2743 m, 03.08.1884, J. D. A. Stainton 8840 (BM).

Erect herbs. Stem 21–34 cm tall, simple, very sparsely hairy. Leaves both radical and cauline; radical leaves 4–6, $2.5-4.5 \times 1.2-2.4$ cm; primary lobes 3, separate for nearly 60 % of blade radius; central lobe cuneate or broadly ovate; lateral lobes notched once or twice forming 2–3 sub-lobes; lobes and sub-lobes lobulate and dentate, apex mucronate; ultimate lobules ovate-lanceolate, base deeply cordate, petiolate; petiole 8.5–16 cm long, sparsely hairy; cauline leaves similar to radical but having shorter petiole. Inflorescence compound corymb, 2–4 flowered, bracteate; bracts foliaceous, densely hairy, 3-lobed, distal ones lanceolate. Flowers blue, $1.1-1.8 \times 0.6 \times 1.5$ cm, pedicellate, bracteolate; pedicel 1.5–4 cm long, hairy; hairs retrorsely curved; bracteoles 2, 5 mm long, alternate, placed at 10–13 mm away from base of flower, hairy , apex hooked. Sepals 20 × 9 mm, overall hairy; apex densely hairy; spur 10 mm long, 4 mm wide at base, incurved, parrot's beak shaped, hairy; apex blunt; petals 20 mm long, apex bidentate, bearded; staminode 9 mm long, glabrous on ventral surface except dense hoard of hairs at 1 apex, dorsal surface hairy, cleft 1/3 at apex. Stamens 7–8 mm long; filaments proximally membranous, basifixed; anthers

Character	D. viscosum	D. cashmerianum	D. lahulensis sp. nov.
Habit	Erect herbs or ascending 30-80 cm tall	Erect herbs, 14–54 cm tall,	Erect herbs, 21–34 cm tall, very sparsely
	with short glandular hairs, paniculately	with bulbous deflexed hairs,	hairy with simple stem
	branched from base	branched above	
Leaves	both radical and cauline; lobed and	Both radical and cauline,	both radical and cauline, lobed and sub-
	sub-lobed, ultimate lobules ovate; apex	lobed and sub-lobed, ultimate	lobed, ultimate lobules ovate-lanceolate;
	mucronate, lamina appressed pubescent	lobules ovate-lanceolate,	apex mucronate, sparsely hairy at veins
	at both surfaces	apex acuminate, lamina	and margins on ventral surface, dorsal
		densely hairy at both surfaces	surface glabrous
Inflorescence	few flowered lax corymb	Few flowered particulate	few flowered lax corymb
		corymb	
Bracts	foliaceous, 10-40 mm, ovate to	Foliaceous, 15-17 mm, ovate	foliaceous, 6-7 mm long, linear-
	lanceolate, densely hairy	to lanceolate, densely hairy	lanceolate, hairs scattered
Pedicel	2-10 cm, glandular pubescent	2–7.5 cm long, densely hairy.	1.5-4 cm long, hairy; hairs retrorsely
			curved,
Bracteole	10-20 mm long, near to or remote from	4–10 mm long, at middle of	5 mm long, distant from flower, densely
	flower, densely hairy	the pedicel, hairy	hairy, apex hooked
Sepals	Dull violet, 18–25 x 13–14 mm, more	Bluish purple $15-25 \times 6-12$	Blue, 20×9 mm, hairy overall with
	or less yellowish villous, upper sepal	mm, membaranous, sparsely	dense hairs at apex, ovate
	broadly ovate	hairy	
Spur	Incurved, 13–16 mm long,4–5 mm wide	Straight, $12-15 \times 5-12$ mm,	10 mm long, 4 mm wide at base,
	at base, apex blunt	blunt apex	incurved, parrot's beak shaped, hairy
			with blunt apex
Petal	22-30 mm long, bidentate, sparsely	21–24 mm long, erose or	20 mm long, apex bidentate, bearded
	hairy at apex	bidenate, glabrous	
Staminode	7 mm long, bearded, rest glabrous, cleft	8–9 mm long, long bearded	9 mm long, dense hoard of hairs at
	1/3 at apex	and ciliate, rest glabrous	ventral apex, rest ventral surface
			glabrous, dorsal surface hairy overall.
			Cleft 1/3 at apex
Stamens	6–7 mm long, dilated below, anthers 1	6–7 mm long, well dilated in	7–8 mm long, filament proximally
	mm long, dark, glabrous	lower half, anthers 1.2 mm	membranous, anthers 1 x 0.5 mm, dark,
		long, dark, glabrous	densely wooly
Carpels	3, 10–12 mm long, ovary hairy overall,	3, 8–9 mm long, ovary	3, 5 mm long; hairs in single line on the
	style 3 mm long, glabrous, stigma not	densely hairy overall, style	inner surface of ovary, style 2 mm long,
	distinct	2 mm long, glabrous, stigma indistinct	glabrous, stigma cleft

TABLE 1. Comparison of morphological features of D. viscosum, D. cashmerianum and D. lahulensis sp. nov.

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