

<http://dx.doi.org/10.111646/zootaxa.3925.3.8>
<http://zoobank.org/urn:lsid:zoobank.org:pub:41704232-9307-4C1F-A7E7-3C8E197CE228>

A new species of philichthyid copepod (Crustacea: Cyclopoida) parasitic on *Stellifer* spp. (Perciformes: Sciaenidae) from southeastern Brazil

MAÍRA POMBO¹, ALEXANDER TURRA¹, FABIANO PASCHOAL² & JOSÉ LUIS LUQUE^{3,4}

¹Instituto Oceanográfico da Universidade de São Paulo, Praça do Oceanográfico, 191, 05508-120 São Paulo, SP, Brasil.
E-mail: mairapombo@gmail.com; turra@usp.br

²Programa de Pós-Graduação em Biologia Animal, Universidade Federal Rural do Rio de Janeiro, Rodovia BR 465 – Km 7, Seropédica, RJ, Brasil, CEP 23890-000. E-mail: paschoalfabiano@gmail.com

³Departamento de Parasitologia Animal, Universidade Federal Rural do Rio de Janeiro, Caixa Postal 74540, Seropédica, RJ, Brasil, CEP 23890-000.

⁴Corresponding author. E-mail: luqueufrrj@gmail.com

Abstract

A new species of copepod, *Colobomatus stelliferi* n. sp., belonging to the cyclopoid family Philichthyidae Vogt, 1877 is proposed based on female specimens collected from the mandibular canals of three species of sciaenid teleosts: *Stellifer brasiliensis* (Schultz) (type-host), *S. rastifer* (Jordan) and *S. stellifer* (Bloch), collected in Caraguatatuba Bay, State of São Paulo, Brazil. The new species can be distinguished from its closest congeners by the absence of lateral processes in the genital somite, the presence of one cephalic process in the cephalosome and one pair of dorso-lateral processes on the fused pedigerous somites. This is the first species of *Colobomatus* Hesse, 1873 described as parasites of species of the teleost genus *Stellifer*.

Key words: Copepoda, Philichthyidae, *Colobomatus*, marine fish, Actinopterygii, Neotropical region

Introduction

The cyclopoid family Philichthyidae Vogt, 1877 comprises highly modified and internal parasitic species, which are generally recorded in subcutaneous spaces associated with the sensory canals of the lateral line and skull bones of marine actinopterygians (Boxshall & Halsey 2004; Madinabeitia *et al.* 2013). This family comprises approximately 87 species belonging to nine genera: *Colobomatoides* Essafi & Raibaut, 1980; *Colobomatus* Hesse, 1873; *Ichthyotaces* Shiino, 1932; *Leposphilus* Hesse, 1866; *Lernaeascus* Claus, 1886; *Philichthys* Steenstrup, 1862; *Procolobomatus* Castro-Romero, 1994; *Sarcotaces* Olsson, 1872; and *Sphaerifer* Richiardi, 1874. *Colobomatus* is the most speciose genus with 70 valid species, followed by *Sarcotaces*, *Procolobomatus* and *Sphaerifer* with 7, 3 and 2 species, respectively (Walter & Boxshall 2014).

In the southeastern Atlantic, only three species of philichthyid copepods belonging to *Colobomatus* have been hitherto recorded, *C. belizensis* Cressey & Schotte, 1983 parasitizing *Haemulon steindachneri* (Jordan & Gilbert) and *Orthopristis ruber* (Cuvier), *C. sudatlanticus* Pereira, Timi, Lanfranchi & Luque, 2012 parasitizing *Mullus argentinae* (Hubbs & Marini), and an unidentified species found in the gills of *Micropogonias furnieri* (Quoy & Gaimard) (Luque & Tavares 2007; Pereira *et al.* 2012).

During a population study of sciaenid fishes from the coastal zone of the State of São Paulo, southwestern Atlantic, several philichthyid copepods were recovered. A detailed morphological study of these specimens, based on light and scanning electron microscopy (SEM), revealed that they represent a new species of *Colobomatus* that is described herein.

exhibiting a high host-specificity at the genus level, *C. stelliferi* n. sp. is probably specific to members of the genus *Stellifer* (i.e. *S. brasiliensis*, *S. rastrifer* and *S. stellifer*).

Acknowledgements

We are grateful to Carlos E. F. Rocha for the discussions and considerations and to Enio Mattos for help with the scanning microscopy procedures. We thank Douglas McIntosh for valuable suggestions in review of this manuscript. We are also grateful to Ju-Shey Ho for his valuable comments. Fabiano Paschoal was supported by a student fellowship from Coordenação de Aperfeiçoamento de Pessoal do Ensino Superior (CAPES), Brazil. José Luis Luque and Alexander Turra were supported by a research fellowship from Conselho Nacional de Pesquisa e Desenvolvimento Tecnológico (CNPq), Brazil. Maíra Pombo was supported by a student fellowship from Fundação de Amparo à Pesquisa do Estado de São Paulo (FAPESP).

References

- Boxshall, G.A. & Montú, M. (1997) Copepods parasitic on Brazilian coastal fishes: A handbook. *Nauplius*, 5, 1–225.
- Boxshall, G.A. & Halsey, S.H. (2004) *An Introduction to Copepod Diversity*. The Ray Society, London, 940 pp.
- Bush, O.A., Lafferty, K.D., Lotz, J.M. & Shostak, A.W. (1997) Parasitology meets ecology on its own terms: Margolis *et al.* revisited. *Journal of Parasitology*, 83 (4), 575–583.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.2307/3284227>
- Castro-Romero, R. & Muñoz, G. (2011) Two new species of *Colobomatus* (Copepoda, Philichthyidae) parasitic on coastal fishes in Chilean waters. *Crustaceana*, 84 (4), 385–400.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1163/001121611x555417>
- Cressey, R.F. (1977) Two new species of *Colobomatus* (Copepoda: Cyclopoida) parasitic on Pacific fish. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington*, 90, 579–583.
- Cressey, R.F. & Schotte, M. (1983) Three new species of *Colobomatus* (Copepoda: Philichthyidae) parasitic in the mandibular canals of haemulid fishes. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington*, 96 (2), 189–201.
- Froese, R. & Pauly, D. (2014) FishBase. World Wide Web Electronic Publication. Available from: <http://www.fishbase.org> (accessed 30 June 2014)
- Grabda, J. (1991) *Marine Fish Parasitology: An Outline*. VCH-Polish Scientific Publishers, Warsaw, 286 pp.
- Grabda, J. & Linkowski, K. (1978) *Colobomatus gymnoscopeli* sp. n. (Copepoda: Phyllichthyidae) a parasite of lateral sensory canals. *Acta Ichtyologica et Piscatoria*, 7 (2), 91–110.
- Hayward, C.J. (1996) Copepods of the genus *Colobomatus* (Poecilostomatoida: Philichthyidae) from fishes of the family Sillaginidae (Teleostei: Perciformes). *Journal of Natural History*, 30 (2), 1779–1798.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/00222939600771041>
- Humes, A.G. & Gooding, R.U. (1964) A method for studying the external anatomy of copepods. *Crustaceana*, 6 (3), 238–240.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1163/156854064x00650>
- Luque, J.L. & Tavares, L.E.R. (2007) Checklist of Copepoda associated with fishes from Brazil. *Zootaxa*, 1579, 1–39.
- Madinabeitia, I., Tang, D. & Nagasawa, K. (2013) Four new species of *Colobomatus* (Copepoda: Philichthyidae) parasitic in the lateral line system of marine finfishes from off the Ryukyu Islands, Japan, with redescriptions of *C. collettei* Cressey, 1977 and *C. pupa* Izawa, 1974. *Journal of Natural History*, 47, 563–580.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/00222933.2012.737483>
- Pereira, A.N., Timi, J.T., Lanfranchi, A.L. & Luque, J.L. (2012) A new species of *Colobomatus* (Copepoda, Phyllichthyidae) parasitic on *Mullus argentinae* (Perciformes, Mullidae) from South American Atlantic coasts. *Acta Parasitologica*, 57 (3), 323–328.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.2478/s11686-012-0032-7>
- Walter, T.C. & Boxshall, G.A. (2014) World Register of Marine Species (WoRMS). Available from: <http://www.marinespecies.org> (accessed 30 June 2014)
- West, G.A. (1992) Eleven new *Colobomatus* species (Copepoda: Philichthyidae) from marine fishes. *Systematic Parasitology*, 23 (2), 81–133.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/bf00009154>
- Yamaguti, S. (1963) *Parasitic Copepoda and Branchiura of fishes. Vol. 1*. Interscience, New York, London and Sydney, 104 pp.