

A checklist of stag beetles (Coleoptera: Scarabaeoidea: Lucanidae) from Iran

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Abstract

An updated checklist of the Lucanidae (Coleoptera) from Iran is given. New locality records are listed and some dubious distributional records are discussed. *Dorcus vavrai* Nonfried, 1905 is placed in synonymy with *Dorcus peyronis* Reiche and Saulcy, 1856 (**new synonymy**). The female of *Lucanus xerxes* Král, 2004 is described. A key for the identification of the Iranian stag beetle species is also provided and all the species are figured.

Key words: Coleoptera, Lucanidae, synonymy, checklist, identification key, Iran

Introduction

Lucanidae (Coleoptera: Scarabaeoidea) is a family with a worldwide distribution; the total number of species is around 1,700. The taxonomy of this group is quite complex and made difficult by the extremely strong sexual dimorphism and the allometry of male specimens.

Very few papers so far have been dedicated to the stag beetle fauna of Iran. In fact, the only one totally devoted to the Lucanidae of Iran was published by Král (2004). Descriptions or quotations are scattered in other literature dealing more generally with the Scarabaeoidea fauna of the Near East (e.g., Motschulsky 1845, 1870; Petrovitz 1980, 1981; Bunalski *et al.* 2014), Palaearctic (Reitter 1902; Dzhambazishvili 1979; Nikolajev 1987; Baraud 1993; Bartolozzi & Sprecher-Uebersax 2006), and Asia (Král 1994; Schenk 2003), in revisions (e.g., Kraatz 1860; Planet 1899; Hatch 1928; Weise 1960; Imura 2010), or in Lucanidae catalogs (Maes 1992; Mizunuma & Nagai 1994; Krajcik 2001, 2003; Fujita 2010).

Iran forms a large part of the Iranian plateau, and covers an area of 1,623,779 km². It is bordered to the north by the Caucasus Mountains, Middle Asian natural regions, and the Caspian Sea (-27 m below sea level); to the west by the Anatolian and Mesopotamian regions; to the east by the eastern part of the Iranian plateau (Afghanistan and adjacent west Pakistan) and the Baluch-Sindian region; and finally to the south by the Persian Gulf and Gulf of Oman, which are connected by the latter to the Indian Ocean (Fig. 1). Climatologically, Iran is a predominantly arid and semi-arid country, but the northern slopes of the Alburz ranges and the Caspian lowland receive 800 to 2000 mm annual rainfall, making them the most humid parts of the country. The Dasht-e Kavir and Dasht-e Lut deserts are the driest areas with an annual precipitation of less than 150 mm. The highlands receive between 250 and 800 mm (Zehzad *et al.* 2002).

The purpose of this paper is to summarize with distribution data the nine species of Lucanidae from Iran belonging to five genera (not taking into consideration doubtful or erroneous quotations). This work contributes towards a better understanding of the distribution of the stag beetles in the Iranian territory, as has been recently done for other Coleoptera groups (e.g., Legalov *et al.* 2010; Ghahari & Arzanov 2012; Ghahari & Colonelli 2012; Lason & Ghahari 2013). We summarize below nine species of Lucanidae from Iran belonging to five genera (not taking into consideration doubtful or erroneous quotations), with distribution data.

-.	Mandibles shorter than head	<i>Platycerus caraboides caraboides</i> (female) (Fig. 13)
8.	Mandibles longer than head with a multidentate laminar process at the inner side	<i>Platycerus primigenius</i> (male) (Fig. 14)
-.	Mandibles shorter than head	<i>Platycerus primigenius</i> (female) (Fig. 15)
9.	Underside of the tarsomeres 1–4 with two series of small, symmetrical, longitudinal bristles along the outer margin of each tarsomere, onychium with one longitudinal series of short, dense, regular bristles	10
-.	Underside of the tarsomeres 1–4 with two distal, symmetrical, protuberant tufts on the outer margin of each tarsomere, plantar side of the onychium with one distal tuft of long bristles	14
10.	Mandibles longer than head	11
-.	Mandibles shorter than head	13
11.	Apex of mandibles not bifid	<i>Lucanus xerxes</i> (male) (Fig. 22)
-.	Apex of mandibles bifid	12
12.	Mandibles with apical fork strong	<i>Lucanus ibericus ibericus</i> (male) (Fig. 24)
-.	Apical fork with the inferior tooth small or almost absent	<i>Lucanus ibericus subvelutinus</i> (male) (Fig. 26)
13.	Antennomere 4 shorter than 3, canthus thin	<i>Lucanus xerxes</i> (female) (Fig. 23)
-.	Antennomere 4 as long as 3, canthus robust	<i>Lucanus ibericus</i> (female) ¹ (Figs. 25, 27)
14.	External border of the mesotibiae and metatibiae with a single strong spine	15
-.	External border of the mesotibiae and metatibiae with a large spine and 1–3 smaller ones	16
15.	Mandibles curved, with a vertical tooth, head flat	<i>Dorcus parallelipipedus</i> (male) (Fig. 16)
-.	Mandibles small, without vertical tooth, head with two small tubercles	<i>Dorcus parallelipipedus</i> (female) (Fig. 17)
16.	Mandibles longer than head, postocular protuberance large	17
-.	Mandibles shorter than head, postocular protuberance small	18
17.	Mandibles with two median teeth at the inner side, one on the upper margin, one on the lower one	<i>Dorcus peyronis</i> (male) (Fig. 18)
-.	Mandibles with only one median tooth at the inner side, on the upper border	<i>Dorcus prochazkai</i> (male) (Fig. 20)
18.	Sides of prothorax rounded, postocular apophysis larger	<i>Dorcus peyronis</i> (female) (Fig. 19)
-.	Sides of prothorax more parallel, postocular apophysis smaller	<i>Dorcus prochazkai</i> (female) (Fig. 21)

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