

## A new species of *Tityus* (Scorpiones, Buthidae) from El Edén Cave, Colombia

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### Abstract

A new scorpion species, *Tityus (Tityus) grottoedensis* sp. nov., is herein described based on male and female specimens collected in El Edén Cave and its vicinities (Tolima department, Colombia). The new species, which becomes the first scorpion described from a Colombian cave, is probably a eutroglophile or subtroglophilic element; however, additional studies are needed to determine the degree of association of the species to the cave. Among other features, the new species is characterized by having a relatively thin body, a yellow-to-chestnut coloration, sternites IV to VI with visible lateral longitudinal carinae, and the basal piece of the middle lamella of the pectines dilated in male and female.

**Key words:** Scorpion, *Tityus grottoedensis* sp. nov., taxonomy, cave, Tolima, Colombia

### Resumen

Se describe a *Tityus (Tityus) grottoedensis* sp. nov., una nueva especie de escorpión, con base en machos y hembras colectados en la Cueva El Edén y sus alrededores (departamento Tolima, Colombia). La nueva especie, que se constituye en el primer escorpión descripto para una cueva Colombiana, es probablemente un elemento eutroglófilo o subtroglofilo; sin embargo, estudios adicionales son necesarios para determinar el grado de asociación de la especie con la cueva. Entre otras cosas, la nueva especie se caracteriza por ser relativamente delgada, presentar una coloración amarilla a castaño, esternitos IV a VI con carena longitudinal lateral visible, y la pieza basal de la lámina media de las pectinas dilatada en macho y hembra.

**Palabras clave:** Escorpión, *Tityus grottoedensis* sp. nov., taxonomía, cueva, Tolima, Colombia

### Introduction

The first synthesis on cave scorpions was performed by Lourenço & Francke (1985). This was followed afterwards by the compilation of Lourenço (1994a), and since, this topic has been the subject of several contributions (Lourenço *et al.* 2004a; Francke & Savary 2006; Lourenço 2007; Volschenk & Prendini 2008; Francke 2009a, 2009b; Prendini *et al.* 2009; Sissom & Reddell 2009; Vignoli & Prendini 2009; Lourenço & Duhem 2010; Lourenço & Pham 2010, 2013). Even though truly troglobiont [*sensu* Sket (2008)] scorpions, with pronounced ecomorphological adaptations to cave-dwelling life have been described since the 1960's, scorpions found in caves are most often troglophiles or trogloxenes (Pinto-da-Rocha 1995; Lourenço *et al.* 2004a; Volschenk & Prendini 2008; Sissom & Reddell 2009). A comprehensive summary of the current knowledge of cave scorpions was provided in the contributions of Volschenk & Prendini (2008), Prendini *et al.* (2009) and Vignoli & Prendini (2009).

The family Buthidae is quite commonly found inside caves (Lourenço *et al.* 2004a; Lourenço & Duhem 2010; Lourenço & Pham 2013); however, Volschenk & Prendini (2008) considered only one species, *Troglorhopalurus*

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