New species of Rhinotragini and redescription of two species of Stultutragus Clarke (Coleoptera, Cerambycidae, Cerambycinae)

LARRY G. BEZARK¹, ANTONIO SANTOS-SILVA² & UBIRAJARA R. MARTINS²
¹California Department of Food & Agriculture, 1220 N Street, Sacramento, CA 95814, USA. E-mail: LBezark@cdfa.ca.gov
²Museu de Zoologia, Universidade de São Paulo. Caisa Postal 42494, 04299-970 São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil.
E-mail: toncriss@uol.com.br; urmsouza@usp.br

Abstract

Agaone amazonica sp. nov. and Stultutragus endoluteus sp. nov. are described from Brazil, and variation in A. peruviensis Fisher, is discussed. Stultutragus nigricornis is elevated to species rank and re-described. Updated keys to Agaone and Stultutragus are provided.

Key words: key, Neotropical, new species, revalidation, taxonomy

Introduction


The study of additional material, by the first author, showed that there is considerable variation in the color pattern of the metafemora of A. peruviensis. As those variations make the use of the existing key unreliable, we are providing a revised key to the known species of Agaone that also includes a new species from Brazil described below.

Clarke (2010) described Stultutragus and included eight species: S. bifasciatus (Zajciw, 1965), S. cerdai (Peñaherrera-Leiva & Tavakilian, 2003), S. crotonaphilus Clarke, 2010, S. fenestratus (Lucas, 1857), S. linsleyi (Fisher, 1947), S. mataybaphilus Clarke, 2010 (type species), S. poecilus (Bates, 1873), and S. xantho (Bates, 1873). In the same work, he commented on Ommata poecila: “Fisher (1947) described two varieties of this species, nigricornis and maculicollis… The former, O. poecila nigricornis, might be a valid variety (subspecies), but a photograph of Fisher’s specimen (available on the internet) suggests it may belong to a different species, and only examination of this specimen will clarify its status.” The examination of specimens from MZSP and LGBC (see acronyms below), showed that Clarke (2010) was correct. Thus, we are considering S. nigricornis (for the use of the name see ICZN, 1999: Article 45.6.4) as a species different from S. poecilus, and redescribing both. Additionally, we provide a key to the known species of Stultutragus.

Material and methods

The collection acronyms used in this study are as follows: DZUP, Departamento de Zoologia, Universidade Federal do Paraná, Curitiba, Brazil; INPA, Coleção Sistemática de Entomologia, Instituto Nacional de Pesquisas da Amazônia, Manaus, Amazonas, Brazil; ISNB, Institut Royal des Sciences Naturelles de Belgique, Brussels, Belgium; MZSP, Museu de Zoolôgia, Universidade de São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil; LGBC, Larry G. Bezark Collection, Sacramento, California, USA; USNM, National Museum of Natural History, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, DC, USA; MNHN, Muséum National d’Histoire Naturelle, Paris, France.