

Three new species of mites of the genus *Bakerdania* Sasa, 1961 (Acari: Heterostigmata: Neopygmephoridae) from “Cape Martyan” Nature Reserve, Crimea

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Abstract

Three new species of mites: *Bakerdania latissimosetosa* sp. nov., *B. undulata* sp. nov., and *B. martyaniensis* sp. nov. collected from soil in “Cape Martyan” Nature Reserve, Crimea, Ukraine are described.

Key words: Pygmephoidea, *Bakerdania*, new species, Crimea

Introduction

The genus *Bakerdania* Sasa, 1961 (Acari: Neopygmephoridae) includes about 100 species (Khaustov 2008a; Kurosa 1999) and is the largest in the family Neopygmephoridae Cross, 1965. Ten species of this genus have been described or recorded previously from Crimea: *Bakerdania cultrata* (Berlese, 1904), *B. dryophilus* Sevastianov, 1975, *B. autumnalis* Sevastianov, 1975, *B. graciloides* Sevastianov, 1974, *B. gracilis* (Krczal, 1958), *B. bavarica* (Krczal, 1959), *B. cavernicola* Khaustov, 2008, *B. taurica* Khaustov, 2008, *B. brevicauda* Khaustov, 2008, *B. yaltaensis* Khaustov, 2008 (Khaustov 2008c, Sosnina & Sevastianov 1975). In this paper I describe three new species of this genus collected from soil in “Cape Martyan” Nature Reserve, Crimea, Ukraine.

Material and methods

In the description, the terminology follows Lindquist (1986). All measurements are given in micrometers (μm) for holotype. The system of Pygmephoidea follows Khaustov (2004, 2008b). Type specimens are deposited in the collection of Nikita Botanical Gardens – National Scientific Center, Yalta, Ukraine.

Systematics

Family Neopygmephoridae Cross, 1965

Genus *Bakerdania* Sasa, 1961

Bakerdania latissimosetosa Khaustov sp. nov.

Figs. 1–5.

Description. FEMALE: Idiosomal length 242, maximum width 138. Gnathosoma (Figs. 1–2) dorsally with 2 pairs of simple setae, ch_1 distinctly longer than ch_2 . Dorsal medial apodeme well developed. Idiosomal dorsum (Fig. 1). All tergites smooth. Setae v_2 and h_2 smooth, setae e smooth, thick and flattened, sabre-like, other