

# **Article**



# Flavizona Huo, a new genus of Syrphini from China, with a key to genera of Syrphini in China<sup>1</sup>

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#### **Abstract**

In the present paper a new genus of Syrphini from China is described: *Flavizona* Huo, **gen. nov.** The type species is designated as *Flavizona dolichostigma* Huo, **sp. nov.** The new genus is similar in appearance to *Leucozona* Schiner, 1860, but can easily be distinguished from the latter by indistinct facial medial tubercle, wing without dark brown medial maculae and elongate oval abdomen without premarginal sulcus. A key to genera of Syrphini in China is provided.

Key word: Syrphidae, Syrphini, Flavizona, gen. nov., China

#### Introduction

In Syrphidae the tribe Syrphini is a large group in which there have been about 46 genera recorded in the world (Hull, 1949, Vockeroth, 1969, Knutson, *et al.*, 1975, Peck, 1988, Thompson & Rotheray, 1998). So far there have been 26 genera known to China (Xue & Zhao, 1998, Huo, *et al.*, 2005, Huo, *et al.*, 2007).

Most recently, Huo *et al.* described genus *Lamellidorsum* from China (Huo, *et al.*, 2005). In the present paper *Flavizona* Huo, **gen. nov.** is described from China. The type species is designated as *Flavizona dolichostigma* Huo, **sp. nov.** The type specimens are deposited in the Museum of Animal and Botany, Shaanxi University of Technology (BKLSUT). The detailed descriptions and characteristic figures are provided with a key to genera of Syrphini from China.

The terminology mainly follows Thompson (1999).

## Key to genera of Syrphini in China

1.	Anterior anepisternum with long, fine, erect or suberect pile at least posterodorsally2
-	Anterior anepisternum with only microscopic pubescence
2.	Extreme posterior margin of wing with a series of minute, discrete, closely spaced, black sclerotized dots
-	Posterior margin of wing without these dots; metacoxa with a pile tuft at posteromedial apical angle, metasternum
	bare
	Note: There are 5 species of <i>Parasyrphus</i> in China (Li & Li, 1990; Xue & Zhao, 1998; Huo, et al., 2007).
3.	Metasternum pilose; metaepisternum with a fine pile tuft ventral to posterior spiracle
	Note: There are 9 species of <i>Episyrphus</i> in China (He & Chu, 1992a; Xue & Zhao, 1998; Huo, et al., 2007).
-	Metasternum bare; metaepisternum without such pile ventral to posterior spiracle
	Note: There are 6 species of Meliscaeva in China (Xue & Zhao, 1998; Huo, et al., 2007).
4.	Wing with distinct transverse brown fascia in medial portion extending from vein costa at least across vein dm-cu 5
-	Wing without transverse dark fascia, unmarked except for stigma darkening or rarely with costal region longitudi-

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