

Four new species of *Hisonotus* (Siluriformes: Loricariidae) from the upper rio Uruguay, southeastern South America, with a review of the genus in the rio Uruguay basin

TIAGO P. CARVALHO¹ & ROBERTO E. REIS²

¹Department of Biology, University of Louisiana at Lafayette, P.O. Box 42451. Lafayette, LA 70504, USA.

E-mail: tiagobio2002@yahoo.com.br

²Laboratório de Sistemática de Vertebrados, Pontifícia Universidade Católica do Rio Grande do Sul, P. O. Box 1429, 90619-900 Porto Alegre, RS, Brazil. E-mail: reis@pucrs.br.

Table of contents

Abstract	1
Resumo	2
Introduction	2
Methods	3
<i>Hisonotus iota</i> , new species	4
<i>Hisonotus leucophrys</i> , new species	12
<i>Hisonotus megaloplax</i> , new species	18
<i>Hisonotus montanus</i> , new species	22
<i>Hisonotus aky</i> , new combination	26
<i>Hisonotus ringueleti</i> Aquino, Schaefer & Miquelarena, 2001	31
Key to the species of <i>Hisonotus</i> of the rio Uruguay basin	35
Discussion	36
Acknowledgements	38
References	38

Abstract

Four new species of *Hisonotus* are described from the upper course of the rio Uruguay basin in Brazil: *Hisonotus iota* from the rio Chapecó drainage; *Hisonotus leucophrys* from rio Rancho Grande and rio Ariranhas; *Hisonotus megaloplax* from the rio Passo Fundo drainage; and *Hisonotus montanus* from the rio Canoas drainage. The species *Epactionotus aky*, described from the arroyo Yabotí-Guazú drainage in Argentina, is transferred to *Hisonotus* and rediagnosed. *Hisonotus candombe* is considered a junior synonym of *H. ringueleti*. The new taxa, together with *H. nigricauda*, *H. ringueleti*, *H. charrua*, and *H. aky* represent the genus *Hisonotus* in the rio Uruguay basin. A taxonomic key for *Hisonotus* in the rio Uruguay basin is provided. Their distributions are discussed under biogeographic patterns previously proposed for the rio Uruguay basin.

Key words: Catfishes, Hypoptopomatinae, Neotropical, Taxonomy, Biogeography, Endemism, *Epactionotus*