

Description of the preimaginal instars and redescription of the adult stage of *Belostoma elongatum* Montandon (Hemiptera: Belostomatidae)

CRISTINA ARMÚA DE REYES¹, ANA. L. ESTÉVEZ²& JUAN A. SCHNACK³

¹ Facultad de Ciencias Exactas y Naturales y Agrimensura, Universidad Nacional del Nordeste, 9 de julio 1449 (3.400) Corrientes. Argentina. E-mail: acarmua@exa.unne.edu.ar

² Museo de La Plata, Universidad Nacional de La Plata. Paseo del Bosque s/n.(1900) La Plata. Argentina. E-mail: estevezanalía@hotmail.com

³ Museo de La Plata, Universidad Nacional de La Plata. Paseo del Bosque s/n.(1900) La Plata. Argentina. E-mail: js@netverk.com.ar

ABSTRACT

The five instars of *Belostoma elongatum* Montandon are described and figured. Immature specimens were obtained from eggs carried by an incubating male of this species captured at San Cosme, Corrientes Province, Argentina (27° 28' S, 58° 50' W). Thirty-five emerged individuals were reared in the laboratory from the first stadium.

Key words: *Belostoma elongatum*, adult redescription, larval instars description

Introduction

Immature instars of *Belostoma* species are poorly known. Since Torre Bueno's description of the five instars of the Nearctic species, *B. flumineum* Say (Torre Bueno, 1906), those of only six more congeneric species, all of them Neotropical or south-temperate, have been subsequently described. They are: *B. elegans* Mayr (De Carlo, 1939), *B. bifoveolatum* Spinola and *B. oxyurum* (Dufour) (Schnack, 1971), *B. dentatum* Montandon (Schnack & Estévez, 1978), *B. micantulum* Stål (Volpe, 1985) and *B. cummingsi* De Carlo (Valverde & Shang, 1994).

This work describes the five instars and redescribes the adult stage of *B. elongatum*. The descriptions are based on a combination of traditional characters so far used and those proposed by Estévez & Polhemus (2001).