

## Reinstatement of *Solenoptera michelii* (Chemsak, 1979) (Coleoptera: Cerambycidae: Prioninae: Solenopterini) as a valid species

JULIO A. MICHELI<sup>1</sup> & CHARYN J. MICHELI<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>1321 Baldorioty Street, Mariani, Ponce, PR 00717-1117 USA. E-mail: gymnos@coqui.net

<sup>2</sup>Department of Entomology, University of Maryland, College Park, MD 20742 USA.  
E-mail: cmicheli@wam.umd.edu

### Abstract

*Solenoptera michelii* (Chemsak) (Coleoptera: Cerambycidae: Prioninae) is resurrected from synonymy under *S. thomae* (Linnaeus). Characters and figures are presented to show differences between the two species.

### Resumen

*Solenoptera michelii* (Chemsak) (Coleoptera: Cerambycidae: Prioninae) es rescatada de sinonimia bajo *S. thomae* (Linnaeus). Se presentan caracteres y figuras demostrando las diferencias entre las especies.

**Key words:** Taxonomy, Coleoptera, Cerambycidae, Prioninae, Solenopterini, Puerto Rico

### Introduction

The diurnal prionines of the tribe Solenopterini are widely distributed in the West Indies. Three species are found in Puerto Rico: *Solenoptera bilineata* (Fabricius), *S. thomae* (Linnaeus), and *S. michelii* (Chemsak), although the validity of the last species has been questioned. Galileo and Martins (1993) synonymized *S. michelii* (Chemsak, 1979) with *S. thomae* (Linnaeus).

The senior author has collected and studied Puerto Rican Cerambycidae for over 30 years. About 200 specimens of Puerto Rican *Solenoptera* have been collected and, at present, there are more than 150 specimens in the authors' collection which have been