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Two new synonyms in Himalayan *Saussurea* (Asteraceae)

QIAN YUAN^{1,2} & YOU-SHENG CHEN^{1*}

¹ State Key Laboratory of Systematic and Evolutionary Botany, Institute of Botany, Chinese Academy of Sciences, 20 Nanxincun, Xiangshan, Beijing 100093, China

² University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China.

* Author for correspondence: e-mail: maple@ibcas.ac.cn

Saussurea Candolle (1810: 156) is one of the largest genera in the tribe Cardueae (Asteraceae) which includes over 400 species (Lipschitz 1979; Shi & Raab-Straube 2011).

Lipschitz (1982) described the name *Saussurea stafleuana* based on materials from Dhaulagiri Himal, Nepal. Lipschitz (1982) noted *S. stafleuana* is similar to *S. columnaris* Handel-Mazzetti (1937: 652) but characterized it by having much smaller cushions, smaller capitula and hidden in sericeous snowy hairs, narrower leaves, apex not cartilaginous-mucronate, white pappus bristles, densely white sericeous villous phyllaries. However the above characters are shared by *S. graminifolia* Wallich ex Candolle (1838: 536), which was described based on materials from Kumaon, India. The type material of *S. stafleuana* is stemless or shortly stemmed, and forming cushions, while the stem of *S. graminifolia* is usually recorded as being 7–20 cm long and solitary. During the field expedition to Nylam, Xizang, China, we found that the length and number of stems are very variable in *S. graminifolia*, sometimes solitary, sometimes several and forming small cushions. *Saussurea stafleuana* and *S. graminifolia* both are characterized by their narrowly linear leaves and phyllaries densely white sericeous villous. After having checked the type material of *S. stafleuana*, we found that this name should be reduced into the synonymy of *S. graminifolia*.

Chen *et al.* (1981: 95) described *S. lyratifolia* Y. L. Chen & S. Yun Liang based on specimens from Bomi County, southeastern Xizang, China. They noted that *S. lyratifolia* is similar to *S. auriculata* (Candolle 1838: 541) Schultz Bipontinus (1846: 331) (which is now in the genus *Himalaiella* Raab-Straube 2003: 390) but differs in its leaf blade lyrate-pinnatisect, lateral segments ovate, capitula 5 and shortly pedunculate, phyllaries in ca. 4 series, achenes smooth, and pappus in 2 series. Shih & Jin (1999) placed *S. lyratifolia* in *S. subgen. Frolovia* (Candolle 1838: 538) Lipschitz (1961: 370), whereas Shi & Raab-Straube (2011) moved *S. lyratifolia* to *S. subgen. Saussurea* and noted its similarity to *S. laneana* Smith (1911: 74). We agree with the opinion of Shi & Raab-Straube. *Saussurea laneana* was described from Sikkim and was only known from its type material since its publication (Hajra 1995; Kumar & Singh 2001), though it was doubtfully recorded from Bhutan based on a sterile plant (Grierson & Springate 2001). Smith (1911) noted *S. laneana* is most similar to *S. costus* (Falconer 1841: 475) Lipschitz (1964: 131) [which is now in the genus *Aucklandia* Falconer (1841: 475)] in the general appearance but is usually 0.6–0.9 m tall and has capitula much smaller (1–1.5 cm in diameter) and leaves abaxially densely whitish woolly. However, *S. laneana* is distinctly different from *S. costus* in its lanceolate phyllaries and two series of pappus. In fact, the above morphological characters of *S. laneana* are shared by *S. lyratifolia*. After examining the type material of both *S. lyratifolia* and *S. laneana*, we found no difference in these two taxa. During expeditions to southeastern Xizang, we collected more specimens of *S. lyratifolia* and confirmed that these two taxa are in fact the same species. Consequently *S. lyratifolia* should be treated as a new synonym of *S. laneana*.

1. *Saussurea graminifolia* Wallich ex Candolle (1838: 536). Type:—INDIA. Uttarakhand: Kumaon, R. Blinkworth in Wallich 2911/21 (holotype G; isotypes E!, GH!, K!, LE!, M!, NY!, P!).

Saussurea stafleuana Lipschitz (1982: 181), **syn. nov.** Type:—NEPAL. Mutsang District: Dhaulagiri Himal, Below Marpha Peak between Yak pass and Dhampus Pass, 4267–4724 m, 5 Sept.–15 Oct. 1980, Wendy Jones s. n. (holotype: LE!).

Additional specimens examined:—BHUTAN. Kaug la, 4720 m, 28 September 1949, Ludlow & Sherriff 17332 (BM); Marlung, Tsawpa, 4720 m, 14 July 1949, Ludlow & Sherriff 19430 (BM). CHINA. Xizang: Nylam, 4500–4700 m, 9 September 2012, FLPH Tibet Expedition 12-356 (PE). INDIA. Uttarakhand: Kumaon, 4270 m, R. Strachey & J. E. Winterbottom 3(K), Panjab: Kunawar, J. R. Drummond 22083 (K); Panjab: Labrang, 19 September 1886, J. R.

Drummond 22081 (K); Punjab: Sungam, 18 September 1886, *J. R. Drummond* 22082 (K); Tehri Garhwal: Gangdltari, 4270–4870 m, 1 September 1897, *J. S. Gamble* 11 (K); Tehri Garhwal: Bamsor pass, 4270–4570 m, 26 August 1883, *J. F. Duthie* 823 (K). NEPAL. Dolkha District: Yalung Kharka–Yalung La, 8 September 1983, *H. Ohba et al.* 8351376 (BM); Dolpa District: Jengla west of Namdo, 5300 m, 25 August 1973, *Grey-Wilson & Phillips* 717 (K); Gorkha District: Jargeng Khola, 2 July 1950, *D. G. Lowndes* 1104 (BM); Manang District, Annapurna Himal, Sabche valley, 4700 m, 3 October 1969, *T. Wraber* 36471 (K); Mustang district, Damodar kund, north of Muktinath, 4720 m, 31 July 1954, *Stainton, Sykes & Williams* 2114 (A, BM); Mustang District: Taglung, South of the Tukucha, Kali Gandaki, 3660 m, 11 July 1954, *Stainton, Sykes & Williams* 1735 (BM); Mustang district: Thorong La, east of Muktinath, 5120 m, 9 September 1977, *G. Miehe* 647 (BM); Mustang District: Kali Gandaki, ESE Thini, 3960 m, 18 July 1977, *G. Miehe* 218 (BM); Rukum District: East of Chalike Pahar, 4420 m, 2 August 1954, *Stainton, Sykes & Williams* 3719 (A); Sankhuwasabha District: Arun valley, Wabak Khola, 12 August 1956, *J. D. A. Stainton* 1336 (A, BM); Sankhuwasabha District: Barun Khola, 4800 m, 28 August 1981, *Grey-Wilson et al.* 4293 (K).

2. *Saussurea laneana* Smith (1911: 74). Type:—INDIA. Sikkim: Na Tung, 24 August 1878, *Dungboo s. n.* (lectotype designated by Lipschitz 1966: K000250104!).

Saussurea lyratifolia Chen et al. (1981: 95), **syn. nov.** Type:—CHINA. Xizang: Bomi, Guxiang, in *Betula* forests, 3800 m, 20 Aug. 1965, *T. S. Ying & D. Y. Hong* 1218 B (holotype PE!; isotype PE!).

Additional specimens examined:—BHUTAN. Somana: 4370 m, 23 August 1971, *R. Bedi* 948 (K). CHINA. Xizang: Bomi, Galongla Shan, 3900–4100m, 8 August 2009, *Y. S. Chen & Z. H. Wang* 9324 (KUN, PE); Bomi, Galongla Shan, 4000 m, 6 September 1980, *Z. C. Ni et al.* 1483 (PE), Galongla Shan, 3780 m, 19 September 2009, *FLPH Tibet Exped. 12-1594* (PE); Bomi, Guxiang, 4170 m, 2 August 1965, *T. S. Ying & D. Y. Hong* 650828 (PE); Mêdog, Nage, 31 July 1974, *Qinghai-Xizang Exped. 74-3805* (KUN, PE), Mêdog, Galongla Shan, 4150 m, 14 August 1982, *S. Z. Cheng & B. S. Li* 20 (PE). INDIA. Sikkim: Bhola, 4270 m, 28 July 1910, *W. W. Smith* 3920 (syntype K); Changu, 3960 m, 8 September 1913, *R. E. Cooper* 823 (A, BM, K); Changu, 3660 m, 6 November 1917, *G. H. Cave* s. n. (A, E); Changu, September–October 1914, *Ribu & Rhomoo* 4549 (syntype E).

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