



## Taxonomy of a monotypic genus *Indopiptadenia* (Leguminosae-Mimosoideae)

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### Abstract

*Indopiptadenia*, a monospecific genus with the species *I. oudhensis*, is confined to the Indo-Nepal border area in scattered populations along the Himalayan foothills between 156–908 m elevation. *I. oudhensis* has been little studied since its discovery in 1874. The taxonomy of the genus is reexamined here with extensive notes on diversity, distribution, phenology, ecology and conservation status based on exhaustive field survey and examination of herbarium specimens. A full description including data on many new characters and encompassing all morphological variations is provided to better characterize the species so that its correct systematic position can be ascertained and provide the basis for proper conservation strategies. Placed in the tribe *Mimoseae*, the species shows more affinity towards the *Newtonia* group than the *Piptadenia* group. However, it differs from the former in having unarmed to armed stem, uni- or bijugate leaflets, absence of stemonozone and pods that dehisce generally by rupturing of the pod valves over the seed chambers to leave a persistent replum. The IUCN category Near Threatened (NT) is assigned to the taxon.

**Key words:** South Asia, endemic, *Mimoseae*, *Indopiptadenia oudhensis*, Near Threatened

### Introduction

*Indopiptadenia* Brenan (1955: 178), is a monotypic genus with the species *Indopiptadenia oudhensis* (Brandis [1874: 168]) Brenan (1955: 178) and is placed in the subfamily Mimosoideae, family Leguminosae (Brenan 1955; Hutchinson 1964; Lewis & Elias 1981; Sanjappa 1992; Kumar & Sane 2003; Luckow 2005). *I. oudhensis* is endemic to the Terai region of the Indo-Nepal border area in the Bhabar zone along the Himalayan foothills in tropical moist deciduous forest (Champion & Seth 1968). Biswas & Chandra (1997) and Prakash *et al.* (2009) have incorrectly suggested that the genus *Indopiptadenia* is found in America and Africa.

*I. oudhensis* is a striking evergreen small to medium sized tree with upright branches and profuse pendulous branchlets and leaves. Recent surveys (Kashyap 2009; Prakash *et al.* 2009; Singh 2010) in India claim that during the last more than 100 years the population of the trees has substantially decreased due to exploitation by local people, habitat destruction and low regeneration ability of the species in natural habitats, and that as a result the species has become rare and threatened.

During the course of study over the last 5 years for the tree flora of Uttar Pradesh, India, the authors have regularly visited different forest areas where they discovered populations of *I. oudhensis* in the forest of Balrampur district adjacent to the Nepal border. The plants were also discovered in the adjacent area within Nepal in Dang district. Subsequently, the species was found in additional localities in Champawat district of Kumaun region in Uttarakhand State in India. After studying the available information (Duthie 1903, 1906; Biswas & Chandra 1997; Prakash *et al.* 2009) it was realized that although the species was discovered more than 100 years ago, it has been

1900, *Inayat* 23635(b) & 23638 (DD); Foot of Nepal Hills, 20 July 1911, *R. S. Trouffs* 3076 (DD); Barawa, 13 April 1916, *Shees Ram* 889 (DD); Sohelwa Wildlife Sanctuary: Jarwa forest, 6 km before Nepal border, Near Nalah, 162 m, N 27° 40.365' E 82° 31.795', 06 November 2011, *L. B. Chaudhary & R. Tiwari* 263775 (LWG); 167 m, N 27° 40.378' E 82° 31.787', 06 November 2011, *L. B. Chaudhary & R. Tiwari* 263776 (LWG); 1 km before Koylabas from Jarwa, 171 m, N 27° 40.814' E 82° 31.580', 10 May 2012, *L. B. Chaudhary & O. Bajpai* 252716 & 252717 (LWG); 156 m, N 27° 40.354' E 82° 31.810', 08 February 2013, *O. Bajpai, A. K. Srivastava & A. Kumar* 264426 (LWG); 176 m, N 27° 40.831' E 82° 31.577', 10 February 2013, *O. Bajpai, A. K. Srivastava & A. Kumar* 264432 (LWG); 1.5 km before Koylabas from Jarwa, 160 m, N 27° 40.362' E 82° 31.802', 19 March 2013, *O. Bajpai & L. B. Chaudhary* 264439 (LWG); 1.5 km before Nepal from Tulsipur, inside the river, 176 m, N 27° 40.831' E 82° 31.577', 20 March 2013, *O. Bajpai & L. B. Chaudhary* 264442 (LWG); 1 km before Koylabas from Jarwa, 160 m, N 27° 40.362' E 82° 31.802', 07 April 2013, *O. Bajpai & L. B. Chaudhary* 264481 & 264482 (LWG); 165 m, N 27° 40.371' E 82° 31.774', 01 May 2013, *O. Bajpai & L. B. Chaudhary* 264497 & 264498 (LWG); 165 m, N 27° 40.371' E 82° 31.774', 30 July 2013, *O. Bajpai, A. K. Srivastava & A. Kumar* 263925, 263927 & 263928 (LWG); Bahraich Dist., Bhachkae, 20 May 1920, *Sri Ram s. n.* (DD); Saharanpur, Botanic Garden, 02 May 1914, *R. N. Parker* 6758- from cultivated plant (DD). **Uttarakhand:** Kumaun: E. Kumaun, 1200 ft., May 1883, *A. F. Brown s. n.* (DD); Sarda Valley, 12 miles above Tanakpur, *R. H. Blutter* 7235 (DD); Champawat Dist.: on way to Purnagiri, 800 m., March 1990, *K. S. Negi* 303 (BSD); about 15 km away from Tanakpur towards Purnagiri, 343 m, N 29° 07.545' E 80° 09.550', 18 August 2013, *L. B. Chaudhary, O. Bajpai & A. Kumar* 263952 (LWG); 406 m, N 29° 07.739' E 80° 09.375', 18 August 2013, *L. B. Chaudhary, O. Bajpai & A. Kumar* 263953 & 263954 (LWG); 5 km before Sukhi Dang from Tanakpur, 908 m, N 29° 08.514' E 80° 04.767', 18 August 2013, *L. B. Chaudhary, O. Bajpai & A. Kumar* 263956 (LWG); Dehra Dun: New Forest, 23 May 1935, *M. B. Raizada* 69269- from cultivated plant (DD); 23 May 1935, *M. B. Raizada* 69270- from cultivated plant (DD); 28 May 1937, *M. B. Raizada* 74553- from cultivated plant (DD); May 1939, *M. B. Raizada* 80086- from cultivated plant (DD); FRI, Arboratum compound 4, *Gasthigarni* 8110- from cultivated plant (DD).

**NEPAL.** Western Nepal: Jalesain nala, 29 April 1900, *Inayat* 23636 (DD); Sunpathri nala, 04 May 1900, *Inayat* 23637 (DD); Mandaura nala, 2 May 1900, *G. H. Inayat* 23637(a) (DD, K photo); Barahmdeo, Sarda Gorga, 2000 ft., 2 March 1914, *J. H. Lyall* 10208 (DD); Bhaunala to Garbha Doti Dist., 13 April 1929, *Shees Ram* 236 (DD); Bardia Dist., Babai-Deurrali, 351 m, N 28° 20.934' E 81° 42.226', 23 January 2001, *K. K. Shreshtha et al.* 666 (TUCH); Kanchanpur Dist., 250 m, 9 August 1980, *K. R. Rajbhandari, P.M. Regmi & K. J. Malla* 5153 (KATH); Dang Dist., 179 m, N 27° 41.219' E 82° 31.651', 31 July 2013, *O. Bajpai, A. K. Srivastava & A. Kumar* 263935 (LWG); Dang Dist., 186 m, N 27° 41.112' E 82° 31.622', 31 July 2013, *O. Bajpai, A. K. Srivastava & A. Kumar* 263936 (LWG).

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